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LEGISLATIVE HISTORY Public Law 85-266

H. R. 8030

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Index and summary of H. R. 8030

June 10, 1957 Rep. Mathews introduced H. R. 8030 which was referred to the House Committee on Agriculture. Print of bill as introduced. June 18, 1957 House committee ordered H. R. 8030 reported. July 16, 1957 House committee reported H. R. 8030 without amendment. H. Rept. No. 817. Print of bill and report. 5, 1957 House passed H. R. 8030 without amendment. Aug. 6, 1957 H. R. 8030 was referred to the Senate Agri-Aug. culture and Forestry Committee. Print of bill as referred. Senate committee reported H. R. 8030 with Aug. 19, 1957 amendments. S. Rept. No. 1039. Print of bill and report. Aug. 26, 1957 Senate passed H. R. 8030 with amendments. Aug. 28, 1957 House concurred in Senate amendments.

Sep. 2, 1957 Approved: Public Law 85-266.

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Digest of Public Law 85-266

PRESERVATION OF ACREAGE ALLOTMENT HISTORY. Amends Sec. 377 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 as as to provide that preservation of allotment history acreage shall be automatic for any year within the period 1956 to 1959, inclusive, thus making it unnecessary for farm operators to notify county committees of their desire to preserve allotment history for the years involved.

H. R. 8030

A BULL



85TH CONGRESS H. R. 8030

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JUNE 10, 1957

Mr. Matthews introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Agriculture

A BILL

To amend the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 with respect to acreage history.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 That section 377 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of
- 4 1938, as amended, is amended to read as follows:
- 5 "Sec. 377. In any case in which, during any year
- 6 within the period 1957 to 1959, inclusive, for which acreage
- 7 planted to a commodity on any farm (including the acreage
- 8 regarded as planted to the commodity under the provisions
- 9 of this title for releasing unused farm allotments and by
- 10 reason of participation in the soil bank programs) is less
- 11 than the acreage allotment for such farm, the entire acreage

allotment for such farm (excluding any allotment released 1 from the farm or reapportioned to the farm) shall be con-2 sidered for purposes of future State, county, and farm acreage 3 allotments to have been planted to such commodity in such 4 year on such farm. Acreage history credits for released 5 or reapportioned acreage shall be governed by the appli-6 cable provisions of this title pertaining to the release and 7 reapportionment of acreage allotments. This section shall 8 not be applicable in any case in which the amount of wheat 9 or rice required to be stored to postpone or avoid payment 10 of penalty has been reduced because the allotment was not 11 fully planted." 12



A BILL

To amend the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 with respect to acreage history.

By Mr. MATTHEWS

 ${\tt June~10,1957}$ Referred to the Committee on Agriculture



A BILL

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- 3 -

Began debate on H.R. 8090, the public works appropriation bill for 1958. pp. 8573-82

Received from the President supplemental appropriation estimates for 1958 for various agencies (H. Doc. 198); to Appropriations Committee. p. 8587 Conferees were appointed on H.R. 6287, the Labor-H.E.W. appropriation bill for 1958. Senate Conferees were appointed June 12. p. 8538

- 17. PERSONNEL. Received from the Civil Service Commission a proposed bill to provide Federal contributions and authorize payroll deductions for prepaid health insurance for Federal employees and their dependents; to Post Office and Civil Service Committee. p. 3587
- 18. PROPERTY; PEANUTS; ACREAGE ALLOTMENTS. The Agriculture Committee ordered reported the following bills: p. D544
 - H.R. 8030, to amend the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 so as to provide that acreage placed in the soil bank shall be counted as a part of total acreage for purposes of establishing future acreage allotments for the farm;
 - H.R. 5570, to amend the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 so as to remove green peanuts from the marketing penalty provisions;
 - H.R. 6764, to amend the act of June 24, 1936, so as to delete the requirement for reports from persons owning or operating peanut picking or threshing machines;
 - H.R. 2259, to provide for the conveyance of a small tract of FHA land in Prairie Co., Ark., to private individuals.
- 19. FLOOD CONTROL. Reps. Rogers, Mass., and Philbin urged additional funds for flood control measures on the Merrimack River in New England. pp. 8582-83
- 20. FOREIGN TRADE. Rep. Tollefson criticized the action of the State Department in announcing "that public hearings will be held on June 18, by the Committee for Reciprocity Information relative to freezing for an unspecified period the United States right to modify or withdraw tariff concessions made in conjunction with the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade, or GATT, except under certain conditions." p. 8584

Received a Calif. Legislature memorial favoring controls on the import of dried figs and fig paste. p. 8588

ITEMS IN APPENDIX

- 21. SOIL CONSERVATION. Sen. Johnson inserted an editorial discussing water problems and stating that the prevention of siltation of lakes is a serious problem and that it involves wide-spread soil conservation practices. p. A4808
- 22. LIBRARY SERVICES. Sen. Church spoke in favor of the \$5 million appropriated for the grants-in-aid for the rural library services, and inserted a letter describing plans that are being made in Idaho to implement this program. p. A4308
- 23. PERSONNEL; EXTENSION SERVICE. Rep. Cooley commended this Department for bestowing Superior Service awards to David S. Weaver, Ext. Service, Raleigh, N. C., and Horace D. Godfrey, ASC, Raleigh, N. C.. p. A4814
- 24. FORESTRY; SOIL BANK. Rep. Sikes spoke in favor of the tree-planting program under the soil bank, stressed the need for the \$5 million for nursery operation and development, and stated there is justification for the funds that have been requested. pp. A4815-7

25. FARM PROGRAM. Rep. Vursell inserted an editorial, "Agricultural Revolt Brewing in Congress," covering a statement by the Secretary on the farm problem. p. A4823

Rep. Teague inserted an editorial, "The Unmentioned Famous Letter of Benson to Ellender," and stated that "'because some people consider this letter one of the most unusual and important pronouncements to be made by a Secretary of Agriculture in the last 25 years, I am having this inserted." pp. A4828-9

26. FLOOD CONTROL. Rep. Rogers inserted her testimony before the Appropriations
Committee on the Merrimack River flood-control project, also a letter from the
Corps of Engineers. pp. A4825-7

BILLS INTRODUCED

27. PERSONNEL. S. 2317, by Sen. Clark, to establish a commission to study and revise the present compensation system for civilian salaried employees of the Federal Government, to amend the compensation schedule of the Classification Act of 1949; to Post Office and Civil Service Committee. Remarks of author. pp. 8444-5

H.R. 8227, by Rep. Porter, to amend section 6 of the act of August 24, 1912, as amended, with respect to the recognition of organizations of postal and Federal employees; to Post Office and Civil Service Committee.

28. COTTON. H.R. 3222, by Rep. Hagen, to provide an alternative acreage adjustment and price support program for the 1958 crop of cotton; to Agriculture Committee

PRINTED HEARINGS RECEIVED IN THIS OFFICE

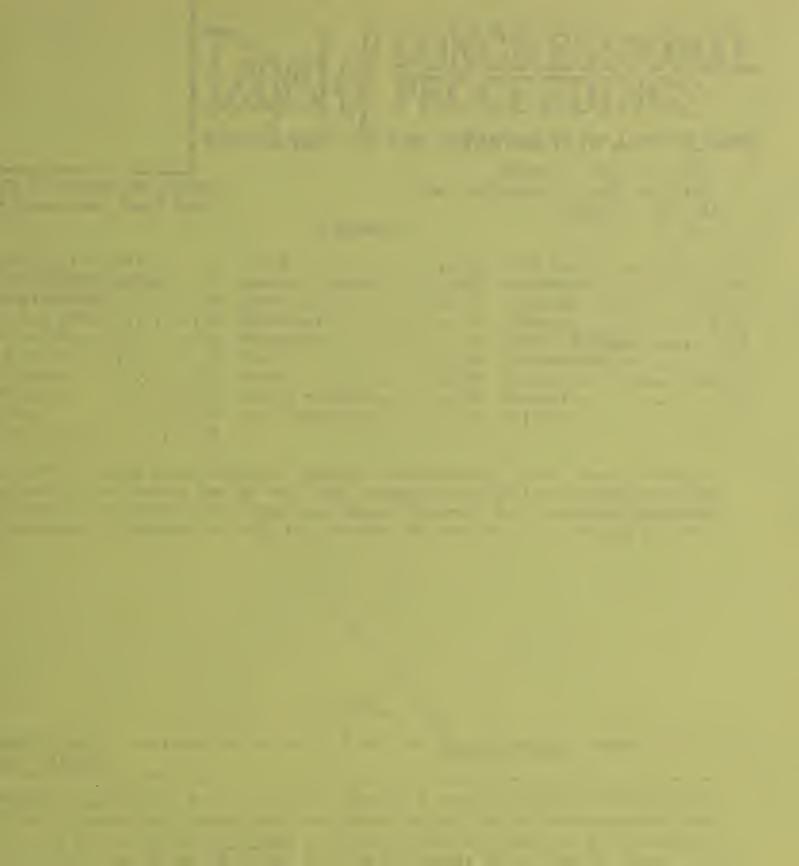
- 29. FOREIGN TRADE; SURPLUS COMMODITIES. H.R. 1905, and other bills to extend

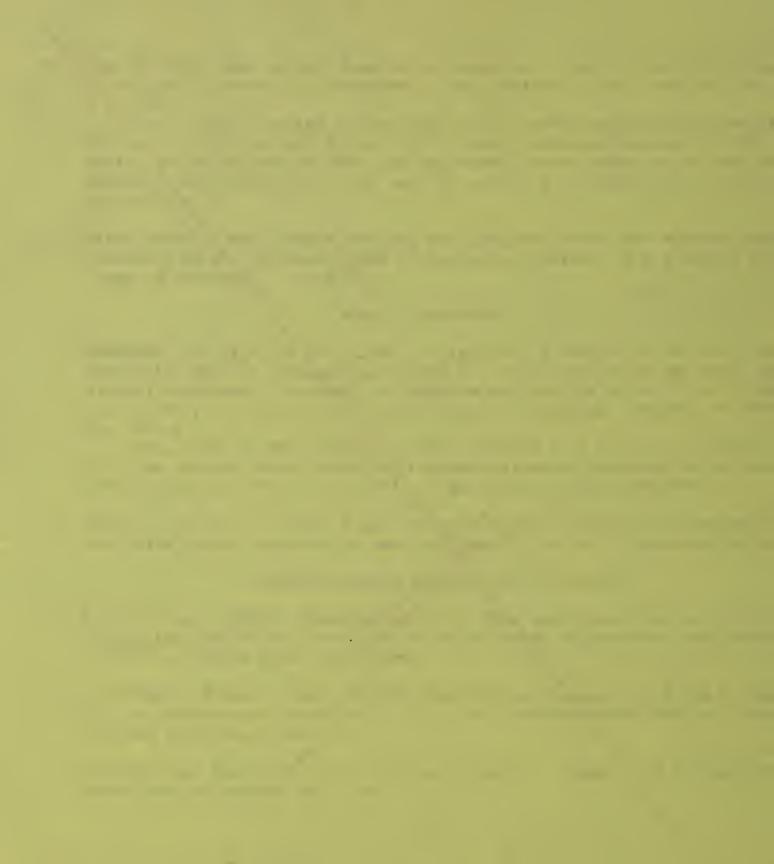
 Public Law 480 for two years and authorize barter transactions with satelite
 countries. House Agriculture Committee.
- 30. NOMINATIONS; FOREIGN TRADE; SURPLUS COMMODITIES. Nomination of Roy R. Rubottom, Jr., to be Assistant Secretary of State for Inter-American Affairs. Senate Foreign Relations Committee.
- 31. FOREIGN AID. Foreign Policy and Mutual Security. (Bound with H. Rept. 551.)
 House Foreign Affairs Committee.

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COMMITTEE HEARING ANNOUNCEMENTS:

June 19: Establishing wilderness preservation system, S. Interior (McArdle to testify). Codification of cansus laws, H. Post Office and Civil Service (R. K. Smith, AMS, to testify). Exemption from quotas of certain wheat used on farm where produced, H. Agriculture (Berger, CSS, to testify). Mutual security authorization bill, H. Foreign Affairs (exec). Foreign aid appropriations, H. Appropriations (exec). Federal employee pay bills, H. Post Office and Civil Service.





Digest of CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS

OF INTEREST TO THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

FICE OF BUDGET AND FINANCE (For Department Staff Only)

Issued July 17, 1957
For actions of July 16, 1957/
85th-1st, No. 125

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HIGHLIGHTS: House debated mutual security authorization bill. House committee reported bill to permit use of soil bank acreage in establishing future acreage allotments. Senate received USDA feed grains report. Sen. Fulbright announced postponement of hearings on bill to increase interest rates on certain Government loans.

HOUSE

- 1. FOREIGN AID. Continued debate on S. 2130, the <u>mutual security</u> authorization bill. pp. 10713-66
- 2. ACREAGE ALLOTMENTS. The Agriculture Committee reported without amendment H.R. 8030, to amend the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 so as to provide that acreage placed in the soil bank shall be counted as a part of total acreage for purposes of establishing future acreage allotments for a farm (H. Rept. 817). p. 10771
- 3. FORESTRY. Conferees were appointed on S. 469, to authorize the U.S. to defray the cost of assisting the Klamath Indians to prepare for termination of Federal supervision, and to defer sales of tribal property, including timberlands. (p. 10703) Senate conferees were appointed June 24.
 - ADMINISTRATIVE ORDERS. The Judiciary Committee ordered reported with amendment H.F. 6788, to authorize the abbreviation of the record on the review or enforcement of orders of administrative agencies by the courts of appeals and the review or enforcement of such orders on the original papers and to make uniform the law relating to the record on review or enforcement of such orders. p. D658

5. GRANTS-IN-AID. Rep. Pelly urged the passage of legislation authorizing a study of Federal grants-in-aid. pp. 10766-67

SENATE

- 6. FEED GRAINS. Received from this Department a report on the study of possible methods of improving the feed grain program. p. 10642
- 7. LOANS. Sen. Fulbright announced the postponement of the Banking and Currency Committee hearings on S. 2427, to improve the coordination between the loan programs and fiscal and credit policies of the Federal Government, until the next session of Congress, and inserted correspondence with the Budget Bureau on the effects of the bill, including an increase from 2% to 3 5/8% for REA loans from the Treasury and from 3% to 3 3/4% for FHA loans, and an increase to the same rates as the minimum for new borrowers. pp. 10652-3
- 8. TOBACCO. Sen. Cooper urged the Senate to wait for more studies on whether cancer was caused by cigarette smoking before enacting bills to require warning labels on cigarette packages, and inserted statements by a scientist and men in the tobacco industry commenting on the Surgeon General's statement. pp. 10658-61
- 9. DISASTER RELIEF. Sen. Yarborough inserted a report from the Small Business Administration relative to the disasters in Texas this spring. pp. 10664-5
- 10. INTEREST RATES. Sen. Bush inserted tables showing interest rates abroad and a statement on the monetary restraints imposed by European nations in order to check inflation. pp. 10640-1
- 11. WEATHER-CONTROL RESEARCH. In reporting S. 86 (See Digest 121) to provide for research in cloud modification, the Committee amended the bill so as to (1) give the National Science Foundation overall authority over the program through grants to, or contracts with, public or private institutions or agencies and (2) enlarge the scope of the program so as to include the phases of weather modification such as suppression or diminishing of hail, lightning fog, smog, tornadoes, and other weather phenonema.
- 12. PUBLIC WORKS APPROPRIATION BILL, 1958. The Senate report on this bill, H.R. 8090, dated July 12, includes statements as follows:

Water resource development. "The program of water resource development has not had a green light for almost two decades. In fact, except for the navigation phase of this program, its entire existence has been marked with

one emergency after another ...

"During the previous 2 years this committee recommended a number of new starts on urgently needed and long-deferred projects. The day is here when this country needs an accelerated program of soil and water conservation due to a succession of emergencies. The program for conservation of our natural resources has lagged far behind the general economic development of this Nation. The committee has therefore recommended a few new starts on projects in each of the major fields of resource development covered in this bill. The relationship of these programs to our economy are discussed in the following paragraphs."

Water Supply. "The River and Harbor bill, S. 497, as passed by the Senate includes provision for a more realistic approach to the repayment by local interests for the cost of water supply features of multi-purpose reservoirs. For a number of years this committee has discussed in its reports the

PRESERVATION OF UNUSED ACREAGE ALLOTMENTS

July 16, 1957.—Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

Mr. Cooley, from the Committee on Agriculture, submitted the following

REPORT

[To accompany H. R. 8030]

The Committee on Agriculture, to whom was referred the bill (H. R. 8030) to amend the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 with respect to acreage history, having considered the same, report favorably thereon without amendment and recommend that the bill do pass.

STATEMENT

When Congress enacted the Soil Bank Act as part of the Agricultural Act of 1956, it was recognized that it was desirable also to utilize other means to encourage farmers not to plant their full allotments of the surplus crops. Therefore, there was included in the Agricultural Act of 1956 section 307 which provided that during the years 1956 to 1959, inclusive, farmers would receive full credit for acreage allotted to them but not planted if they notified the county committee of their intention not to plant their full allotment. The purpose of this was to prevent and make unnecessary any planting of allotted crops simply for the purpose of preserving acreage history for future allotment purposes.

In the crop years 1956 and 1957, farmers have made wide use of this This has doubtless been a factor in reducing acreage of some of the surplus crops, but it has also added substantially to the burden of the county committees, who are required to accept, process, and record the notices of intention not to plant filed with them by

producers in their counties.

PURPOSE OF THIS BILL

The sole purpose of this bill is to climinate the requirement that notice of intention not to plant the full acreage allotment must be filed with the county committee in order for the farmer to receive credit for future allotment purposes. It does not change in any way

the desirable provision of law that the full allotment need not be planted in order to preserve the allotment history for the farm, but merely eliminates the requirement that the farmer must notify the county committee of his intention not to plant his whole allotment and, of course, relieves the county committees of the necessity of handling and recording these notices.

The exemption period during which acreage not planted will still be counted for history purposes is limited to the period 1957 to 1959 and thus is consistent with the original provision in the act of 1956.

Rather than costing any additional money, the Department of Agriculture stated that enactment of this bill eliminating the notice requirement would save the Department a substantial amount of money in administrative expense.

HEARINGS

Hearings were held on a similar bill (H. R. 5678), which was amended by the subcommittee following the hearings, and the bill herewith reported (H. R. 8030) was then introduced as a clean bill embodying the amendments agreed to by the subcommittee.

At the hearing, representatives of the Department of Agriculture appeared to enthusiastically endorse the provisions of the bill. Representatives of the Farmers Union also appeared in support of the measure, and there were no witnesses in opposition to the bill.

DEPARTMENTAL APPROVAL

Following is the text of the letter from the Department of Agriculture endorsing enactment of the original bill (H. R. 5678). The substance of the amendments recommended by the Department are incorporated in the revised bill herewith reported.

May 20, 1957.

Hon. HAROLD D. COOLEY,

Chairman, Committee on Agriculture, House of Representatives.

Dear Congressman Cooley: This is in reply to your request of March 13, 1957, for a report on H. R. 5678, a bill to amend the Agricultural Act of 1938, as amended.

This Department recommends that the bill be passed.

The bill would make automatic the provisions of section 377 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, so that unused acreage allotment history during the 1957–59 crop years would be automatically preserved without any requirement that the farmer file a request with the county ASC committee for such preservation. This would eliminate a tremendous volume of administrative work now involved in handling individual requests by farm operators and owners for preservation of allotment history acreage.

The Department also considers it highly desirable that in conjunction with the automatic preservation of acreage history the provisions of law relating to the release and reapportionment of acreage allotments for cotton, rice, and peanuts be temporarily suspended for the last 2 years of the acreage reserve program—1958 and 1959. We

feel that this would be in accordance with the intent of the Congress in enacting the Soil Bank Act last year. The following language to be added beginning at line 14, page 2, of the bill would accomplish such suspension:

"Sec. 2. The provisions of sections 344 (m) (2), 353 (e), and 358 (g) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, shall not be

effective with respect to the 1958 and 1959 crops."

It appears that the word "Adjustment" was inadvertently omitted from the name of the act being amended; and accordingly it should be inserted between the words "Agricultural" and "Act" in the title of the bill and in line 3 thereof in order to refer to the act by its correct name.

The enactment of this proposed bill would not require additional appropriation of funds. Instead, substantial savings in administrative costs should result and more importantly, farm operators would be relieved of the current requirement of calling at ASC county offices to file individual requests for preservation of allotment history.

The Bureau of the Budget advises that there is no objection to the

submission of this report.

Sincerely yours,

True D. Morse, Acting Secretary.

CHANGES IN EXISTING LAW

In compliance with clause 3 of rule XIII of the Rules of the House of Representatives, changes in existing law made by the bill, as introduced, are shown as follows (existing law proposed to be omitted is enclosed in black brackets, new matter is printed in italics, existing law, in which no change is proposed is shown in roman):

AGRICULTURAL ADJUSTMENT ACT OF 1938, AS AMENDED

Sec. 377. In any case in which during any year within the period [1956] 1957 to 1959, inclusive, for which acreage planted to [such] a commodity on any farm (including the acreage regarded as planted to the commodity under the provisions of this title for releasing unused farm allotments and by reason of participation in the soil bank programs) is less than the acreage allotment for such farm, the entire acreage allotment for such farm (excluding any allotment released from the farm or reapportioned to the farm) shall be considered for purposes of future State, county, and farm acreage allotment to have been planted to such commodity in such year [,] on such farm. [but only if the owner or operator of such farm notifies the county committee prior to the sixtieth day preceding the beginning of marketing year for such commodity of his desire to preserve such allotment. Acreage history credits for released or reapportioned acreage shall be governed by the appli-cable provisions of this title pertaining to the release and reapportionment of acreage allotments. This section shall not be applicable in any case in which the amount of the commodity wheat or rice required to be stored to postpone or avoid payment of penalty has been reduced because the allotment was not fully planted. [Nothing herein shall be construed to permit the allotment to any other farm of the acreage with respect to which notice is given under this section.

Union Calendar No. 296

85TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 8030

[Report No. 817]

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JUNE 10, 1957

Mr. Matthews introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Agriculture

JULY 16, 1957

Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

A BILL

To amend the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 with respect to acreage history.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 That section 377 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of
- 4 1938, as amended, is amended to read as follows:
- 5 "Sec. 377. In any case in which, during any year
- 6 within the period 1957 to 1959, inclusive, for which acreage
- 7 planted to a commodity on any farm (including the acreage
- 8 regarded as planted to the commodity under the provisions
- 9 of this title for releasing unused farm allotments and by
- 10 reason of participation in the soil bank programs) is less
- 11 than the acreage allotment for such farm, the entire acreage

allotment for such farm (excluding any allotment released 1 from the farm or reapportioned to the farm) shall be con-2 sidered for purposes of future State, county, and farm acreage 3 allotments to have been planted to such commodity in such 4 year on such farm. Acreage history credits for released 5 or reapportioned acreage shall be governed by the appli-6 cable provisions of this title pertaining to the release and 7 reapportionment of acreage allotments. This section shall 8 not be applicable in any case in which the amount of wheat 9 or rice required to be stored to postpone or avoid payment 10 of penalty has been reduced because the allotment was not 11

fully planted."

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STH CONGRESS H. R. 8030

[Report No. 817]

A BILL

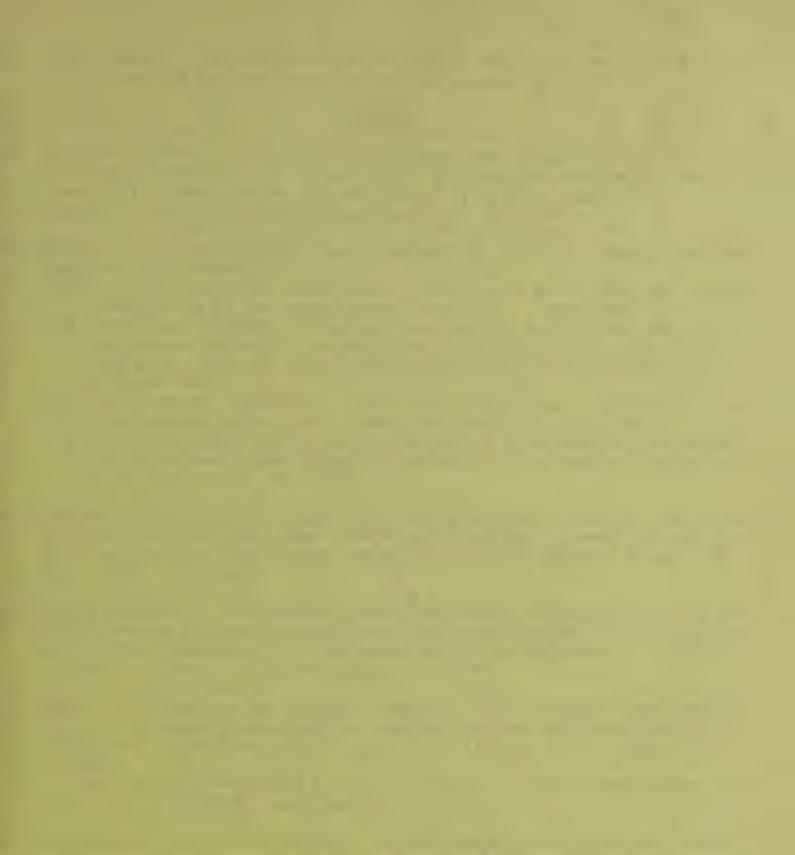
To amend the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 with respect to acreage history.

By Mr. Matthews

June 10, 1957

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture
July 16, 1957

Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed



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26. FISCAL POLICY. Sen. Bush inserted a series of articles on tight credit, lower prices, and the Administration's fiscal policies. pp. 12302-4

HOUSE

- 27. ACREAGE ALLOTMENTS. Passed without amendment H.R. 8030, to eliminate the requirement that notice of intention not to plant the full acreage allotment must be filed with the county committee in order for a farmer to receive credit for future acreage allotment purposes. p. 12374
- 28. FORESTRY; WATERSHEDS; COTTON; COUNTY COMMITTEES. The Agriculture Committee reported the following bills: p. 12446

H.R. 580, with amendment, to authorize the exchange of certain land under the

jurisdiction of the Forest Service with Mo. (H. Rept. 989).

H.R. 5497, with amendment, to subject recreational and fish and wildlife development projects to certain conditions in order to receive Federal assistance under the Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention Act (H. Rept. 990).

H.R. 6765, without amendment, to repeal the prohibitions against cotton acreage

reports based on farmers' planting intentions (H. Rept. 991).

H.R. 8508, with amendment, to provide two county committees elected under the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act for certain counties in Minn. and Iowa (H. Rept. 994).

- 29. PERSONNEL. The Post Office and Civil Service Committee reported with amendment H.R. 4640, to amend the Civil Service Retirement Act to permit persons transferring to non-Act positions to retain voluntary contribution accounts (H. Rept. 1000). p. 12446
- 30. NATURAL RESOURCES. The Judiciary Committee reported with amendment S.J. Res. 35, to provide for the observance and commemoration of the 50th anniversary of the first conference of State governors for the protection of the natural resources of the U.S.. (H. Rept. 988). p. 12446
- 31. FIBER. The Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committee reported with amendment H.R. 469, to protect producers and consumers against misbranding and false advertising of the fiber content of textile fiber products (H. Rept. 986). p. 12446

Passed with amendment H.R. 7096, to exempt istle and Tampico fiber from the Tariff Act of 1930. pp. 12433-34

32. FARM PROGRAM. Rep. Harvey defended the farm program against recent attacks, citing accomplishments during the past four years. p. 12438

Rep. McGovern urged increased distribution of surplus foods, and suggested five methods for "better utilization of food surpluses." p. 12436

- 33. OLEOMARGARINE. Passed over, on objections by Rep. Andresen, Marshall, and Bass, H.R. 912, to provide for the serving of oleomargarine or margarine in the Navy ration. The bill was thus stricken from the consent calendar. p. 12369
- 34. PUBLIC LANDS. Passed as reported H.R. 8054, to provide for the leasing of oil and gas deposits in lands beneath inland navigable waters in Alaska. p. 12370

 Passed as reported H.R. 2237, to authorize the transfer of certain property of VA to the Johnson City (Tenn.) National Farm Loan Assoc. and the E. Tenn. Production Credit Assoc., local units of the Farm Credit Administration. p. 1/2371

-3- HOUSE Chig. J. 191

16. WEATHER CONTROL. Passed as reported S. 86, to authorize research in cloud modification. p. 12314

- 17. MINERALS. Passed as reported S. 2039, to clarify the definition of labor required to be performed to hold unpatented mining claims on Federal land. pp. 12314-15
- 18. CENSUS. Passed as reported S. 1631, to amend generally the census laws. pp. 12326-7
- 19. BUILDINGS. Passed without amendment S. 2108, to authorize GSA to name, rename, or designate any building under its control. p. 12331
- 20. FEED GRAINS. Agreed to S. Res. 168, to print as a Senate document this Department's report on the feed grain program. p. 12340
- 21. RESEARCH; LAND. Agreed to S. Res. 169, to print as a Senate document a Library of Congress survey, "National Policies on Federal Landownership." p. 12340

 Passed as reported S. 1962, to convey certain ARS land near Bowie, Md., to the Perkins Chapel Methodist Church. p. 12342
- 22. FISH; RICE. Passed as reported S. 1552, to authorize this Department to establish a research program to develop methods for the commercial production of fish on flooded rice acreage. pp. 12341-2
- 23. FOREIGN AFFAIRS. Both Houses received the President's message on activities to promote the peace and stability of the Middle East, through June 30, 1957. pp. 12299, 12369
- 24. ROADS. Sen. Neuberger inserted an editorial, "Last Chance on Billboards," urging action on the bills to control signboards along the Federal interstate highway system. p. 12307
- 25. ELECTRIFICATION. Sen. Langer inserted a resolution from the West River Mutual Aid Telephone Corp of N.D., opposing any increase in REA interest rates. pp. 12299-12300

Sen. Langer inserted a series of resolutions adopted by the N.D. Rural Electric Cooperative Ass'n, opposing any increase in REA interest rates; supporting construction of a high Federal dam at Hells Canyon; urging more loan funds for generation and transmission; supporting the preference concept; supporting H.R. 965, to limit repayment for electrification (on multi-purpose projects) to those costs related to such purposes; urging passage of the bill to allow TVA to sell its own bonds; urging development of the Yellowtail project on the Bighorn River; urging establishment of a "capital budget" accounting system; opposing private power firms "propaganda" advertising; urging further study on the allocation of Missouri River basin waters; and commending REA Administrator Hamil. pp. 12300-1

At the request of Sen. Clark, passed over S. 2406, to authorize the construction of works of improvement in the Niagara River. p. 12310

At the request of Sen. Barrett, passed over H.R. 8643, to authorize the construction of works of improvement in the Niagara River. p. 12345

Sen. Stennis, as acting Majority leader, assured Sens. Case, S.D., and Kefauver, that the TVA and Niagara power bills would be presented to the policy committee for consideration as to the disposition of the bill at the conclusion of the Civil Rights debate. pp. 12347-8

and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

A similar House bill (H. R. 5806) was laid on the table.

DEVELOPMENT OF PHOSPHATE ON THE PUBLIC DOMAIN

The Clerk called the bill (S. 334) to amend section 27 of the Mineral Leasing Act of February 25, 1920, as amended (30 U. S. C. 184), in order to promote the development of phosphate on the public domain.

There being no objection, the Clerk read the bill, as follows:

Be it enacted, etc., That the second sentence of section 27 of the act of February 25, 1920, as amended (30 U. S. C. 184), is amended by the deletion of the words "or permits exceeding in the aggregate 5,120 acres in any one State, and."

The bill was ordered to be read a third time, was read the third time, and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

RETIREMENT OF FORMER MEMBERS OF COAST GUARD RESERVE

The Clerk called the bill (S. 1446) to amend title 14, United States Code, so as to provide for retirement of certain former members of the Coast Guard Reserve.

There being no objection, the Clerk read the bill, as follows:

Be it enacted, etc., That section 755 of title 14, United States Code, is amended by adding thereto a new subsection (f) to read as fol-

"(f) Any former member of the Coast Guard Reserve, other than a temporary mem-"(f) ber, honorably discharged or discharged under honorable conditions from the Coast Guard Reserve after February 18, 1941, and before January 1, 1949, who at the time of his discharge had completed at least 30 years of active service in the Armed Forces other than active duty for training, or who had completed at least 20 years of active service other than active duty for training the last 10 of which he served in the 11-year period immediately preceding his discharge, shall upon his request be placed on the retired list of the Coast Guard Reserve and shall be entitled to pay, only after being placed on the retired list, at the rate of 50 percent of his active-duty rate of pay at the time of dis-

With the following committee amendment:

On page 2, srike out lines 6, 7, and 8, and add the following: "shall be entitled to receive the same retired pay, only after being placed on the retired list, that he would be entitled to receive had he been retired as a member of the Naval Reserve under the Naval Reserve Act of 1938 instead of being discharged."

The committee amendment was agreed

The bill was ordered to be read a third time was read the third time, and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

DISPOSAL OF CERTAIN FEDERAL PROPERTY

The Clerk called the bill (S. 1574) to provide for the disposal of certain Federal property in the Coulee Dam and Grand Coulee areas, to provide assistance in the establishment of a municipality incorporated under the laws of Washington, and for other purposes.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the present consideration of the bill?

Mr. CUNNINGHAM of Iowa. Mr. Speaker, at the request of my colleague, the gentleman from Iowa [Mr. JENSEN] I ask unanimous consent that this bill be passed over without prejudice.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Iowa? There was no objection.

INTERSTATE COMPACTS DEALING WITH JUVENILES AND DELIN-QUENT JUVENILES

The Clerk called the joint resolution (H. J. Res. 10) to give the consent of the Congress to interstate compacts or agreements dealing with juveniles and delinquent juveniles, and for other purposes.

There being no objection, the Clerkread the joint resolution, as follows:

Resolved, etc., That title 4 of the United States Code is amended by adding after section 111, the following section:

"§ 112. Compacts between States for cooperation in dealing with juveniles and delinquent juveniles; consent of Congress

"The consent of Congress is hereby given to any two or more States, including the Territories or possessions of the United States, the District of Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, to enter into agreements or compacts dealing with-

"(a) the supervision by the authorities of one State of juveniles who have been placed on probation or parole by the authorities of another State, and for the detention and return of such juveniles;

(b) the detention and return of juveniles who have run away from one State into another without the consent of their parents or guardian, or who have run away from one State into another and are charged with being delinquent by reason of a violation of any criminal law;

(c) the detention and return of juveniles who have been found to be delinquent by a court in one State, who are placed on probation or parole or whose legal custody is vested in an agency or institution of that State, and who, while still on probation or parole or while their legal custody is still vested in such agency or institution, run away without permission to another State;

"(d) the joint or cooperative care, treatment, and rehabilitation of juveniles, who have been found to be delinquent by a court in one State, in specialized institutions for juveniles in another State."

SEC. 2. The right to withdraw the consent given herein and the right to alter, amend, or repeal this act, is expressly reserved.

SEC. 3. The analysis of chapter 4 immediately preceding section 101, title 4, of the United States Code, is amended by inserting after item 111 the following new item:

"112. Compacts between States for cooperating in dealing with juveniles and delinquent juveniles; consent of Congress."

With the following committee amendments:

Page 1, lines 8 and 9, strike out "two or more States, including" and insert "combi-

nation or combinations of the following States: Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Florida, Indiana, Maine, Massachusetts, Minnesota, Missouri, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Tennessee, Utah, Virginia, Washington, Wisconsin, Wyoming, to.

Page 2, line 2, after "compacts" insert "among themselves."

Page 2, lines 10 to 12 strike out "charged with being delinquent by reason of a violation of any criminal law" and insert "alleged to be delinquent by reason of committing an act which would be a felony if committed by an adult."

Page 2, line 19 strike out "and" and insert

The committee amendments were agreed to.

Mr. KEATING. Mr. Speaker, the purpose of House Joint Resolution 10 is to give the consent of Congress to interstate compacts dealing with juveniles and delinquent juveniles.

This country today is faced with a tremendous problem in the handling of crimes committed by juveniles and in the rehabilitation of children who become involved in such crimes. It is a problem which is common to all of the States and there are many instances in which the States must cooperate in handling the problem of any one juvenile. For that reason a number of our States have entered into compacts with respect to the supervision, by the authorities of one State, over juveniles placed on probation or on parole by the authorities of another. These compacts also govern procedures for the retention and return of juveniles who have crossed State lines and who are alleged to be delinquent because they have committed an act which would have been a felony if committed by an adult. They also represent an effort on the part of the States to cooperate in the care, treatment, and rehabilitation of juveniles, found delinquent in one State, in specialized institutions for juveniles in another State.

Compacts and agreements such as these among the several States certainly constitute a progressive and constructive forward step in the solution of the problem of juvenile delinquency in the coun-What House Joint Resolution 10 would do is put the stamp of congressional approval upon this effort on the part of States.

While this legislation limits congressional consent to those States which have already enacted laws adopting interstate compacts, it does not prevent other States from becoming parties to these compacts. It merely requires that other States adopt, in the future, legislation embodying a compact or agreement which would conform generally to this act, in order to gain congressional consent.

I strongly urge the passage of this resolution, and it is my hope that, within the next few years, those States which have not already entered into such a compact will see fit to do so.

The resolution was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, was read the third time, and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

PRESERVATION OF UNUSED ACREAGE ALLOTMENTS

The Clerk called the bill (H. R. 8030) to amend the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 with respect to acreage history.

There being no objection, the Clerk read the bill, as follows:

Be it enacted, etc., That section 377 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 377. In any case in which, during any year within the period 1957 to 1959, inclusive, for which acreage planted to a commodity on any farm (including the acreage regarded as planted to the commodity of th modity under the provisions of this title for releasing unused farm allotments and by reason of participation in the soil bank programs) is less than the acreage allotment for such farm, the entire acreage allotment for such farm (excluding any allotment re-leased from the farm or reapportioned to the farm) shall be considered for purposes of future State, county, and farm acreage allotments to have been planted to such commodity in such year on such farm. Acreage history credits for released or reap-portioned acreage shall be governed by the applicable provisions of this title pertaining to the release and reapportionment of acreage allotments. This section shall not be applicable in any case in which the amount wheat or rice required to be stored to postpone or avoid payment of penalty has been reduced because the allotment was not fully planted."

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, was read the third time, and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

SUPERGRADE POSITIONS IN NA-TIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

The Clerk called the bill (S. 1884) to amend section 505 of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended.

There being no objection, the Clerk read the bill, as follows:

Be it enacted, etc., That section 505 of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, is amended by adding at the end thereof a new subsection as follows:

"(f) The National Security Council is authorized, subject to the procedures prescribed by this section, to place two additional positions in grade 18, one additional positions in grade 17, and two additional positions in grade 16 of the general schedule. Such positions shall be in addition to the number of positions authorized to be placed in such grades by subsection (b)."

The bill was ordered to be read a third time, was read the third time, and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

REMOVAL OF EMPLOYMENT IN-EQUITIES FOR POSTAL FIELD SERVICE EMPLOYEES

The Clerk called the bill (H. R. 7930) to correct certain inequities resulting from the involuntary conversion of salaries of certain employees to the postal field service schedule under the Postal Field Service Compensation Act of 1955.

There being no objection, the Clerk read the bill, as follows:

Be it enacted, etc., That each employee-(1) who is in the postal field service on the date of enactment of this section.

(2) whose basic salary was adjusted under section 304 of the Postal Field Service Compensation Act of 1955 (Public Law 68, 84th Cong.) and, immediately prior to such adjustment, was paid under the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, or under a prevailing wage schedule,

(3) who, prior to such adjustment of salary, had performed service which was creditable toward his next within-grade step-increase under section 701 (a) of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, or under such

prevailing wage schedule, and

(4) whose amount of increase in basic salary received upon adjustment of his basic salary under section 304 of the Postal Field Service Compensation Act of 1955 was less than the difference between the salary for that step of the grade of his position under the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, or of his position under such prevailing wage schedule, which he occupied immediately prior to such adjustment of salary and the salary at such time for the next higher step of such grade,

shall, for purposes of the first advancement by step-increase under and in accordance with section 401 of the Postal Field Service

Compensation Act of 1955.

(A) have his anniversary date adjusted to the first day of his first pay period under such act which begins on or after the date on which he would have earned a within-grade step-increase under the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, or a within-grade stepincrease under such prevailing wage schedule, if his position had remained subject to the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, or subject to such schedule, as the case may unless his anniversary date under the Postal Field Service Compensation Act of 1955 which is in effect on the date of enactment of this section occurs earlier than such adjusted anniversary date, and

(B) be paid, for all periods of service performed by him under the Postal Field Service Compensation Act of 1955 beginning on or after such adjusted anniversary date, the additional basic salary to which he becomes entitled under such act by reason of this

subject to and in accordance with the follow-

ing requirements:

(i) that any advancement of such employee by step-increase under section 401 of such act which such employee may have received prior to the date of enactment of this section shall not be regarded as an equivalent increase in basic salary for purposes of such act, and

that the amount of additional basic salary to which such employee is entitled under clause (B) of this section is appropriately reduced by the amount of additional basic salary attributable to any advancement of such employee by step-increase under section 401 of such act prior to the date of enactment of this section.

With the following committee amendment:

Page 4, after line 2, add the following sections:

"SEC. 2. Section 404 (c) (1) of the Postal Field Service Compensation Act of 1955 (69 Stat. 123: Public Law 68, 84th Congress; 39 U. S. C. 984 (c) (1)) is amended—
"(1) by striking out the word "and" im-

mediately following the semicolon at the end

of subparagraph (C) thereof;

"(2) by striking out the period at the end of subparagraph (D) thereof and inserting in lieu of such period a semicolon and the word "and"; and

"(3) by adding at the end of such section 404 (c) (1) the following new subparagraph:

"'(E) all time on the rolls under the Postal Accounts Division (including time on the rolls under the former Post Office Department Division) in the General Accounting Office continuous to the date of the

transfer of the employee to the Post Office Department in accordance with section / 7 (a) of the Post Office Department Financial Control Act of 1950 (39 U. S. C. 794e (a))."
"Sec. 3. (a) The amendment made by section 2 of this act shall take effect as of De-

cember 3, 1955.

"(b) No payment of longevity compensa-tion shall be made, by reason of the amend-ment made by section 2 of this act and the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, for any period prior to the date of enactment of this section, to any person who is not an employee in the post field service on such date of enactment."

The committee amendment was agreed to.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, was read the

third time, and passed.

The title was amended so as to read: "A bill to correct certain inequities with respect to automatic step-increase anniversary dates and longevity step increases of postal field service employees."

A motion to reconsider was laid on

the table.

RATES OF TOLL ON BRIDGE ACROSS MISSOURI RIVER NEAR RULO. NEBR.

The Clerk called the bill (H. R. 988) to amend the act of March 4, 1933, to extend by 10 years the period prescribed for determining the rates of toll to be charged for use of the bridge across the Missouri River near Rulo, Nebr.

There being no objection, the Clerk read the bill, as follows:

Be it enacted, etc., That subsection (e) of section 5 of the act entitled "An act to authorize the construction of certain bridges and to extend the times for commencing and/or completing the construction of other bridges over the navigable waters of the United States," approved March 4, 1933 (47 Stat. 1556), as amended by the act of June 1948 (62 Stat. 497), is further amended (1) by striking out "and financing" and insering ", financing, and refinancing," and (2) by striking out "30 years" and inserting "40 years."

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, was read the third time, and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

ABBREVIATED RECORDS IN REVIEW-ING ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY **PROCEEDINGS**

The Clerk called the bill (H. R. 6788) to authorize the abbreviation of the record on the review or enforcement of orders of administrative agencies by the courts of appeals and the review or enforcement of such orders on the original papers and to make uniform the law relating to the record on review or enforcement of such orders, and for other purposes.

There being no objection, the Clerk read the bill, as follows:

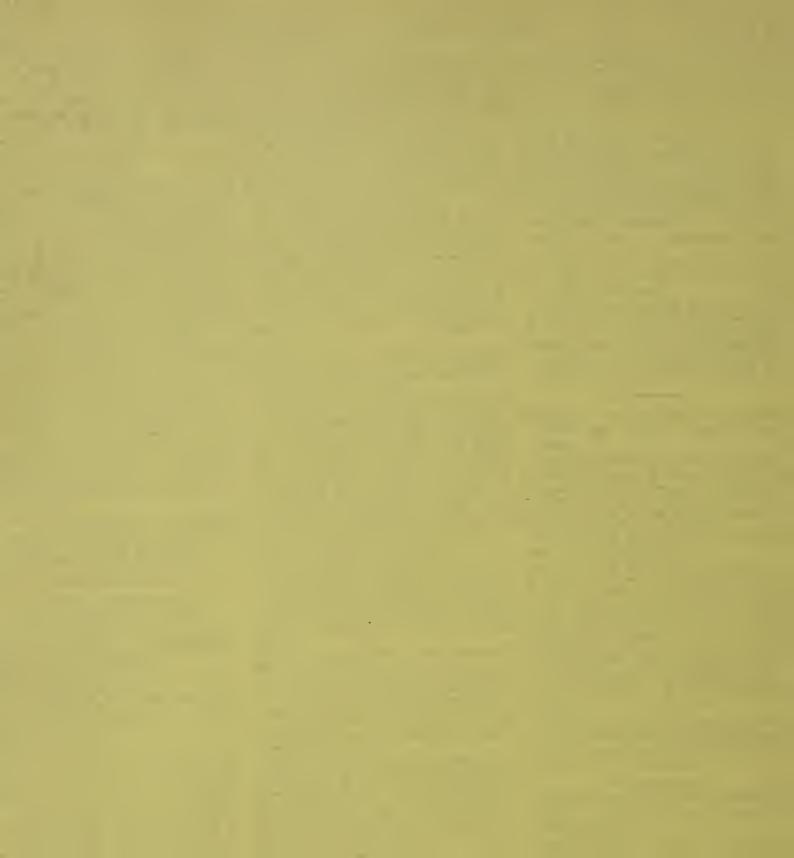
Be it enacted, etc., That the analysis of chapter 133 of title 23 of the United States Code, immediately preceding section 2101 of such title, is amended by inserting at the end thereof the following additional item:

"2112. Record on review and enforcement of agency orders

"Sec. 2. Chapter 133 of title 28 of the United States Code is amended by inserting

H. R. 8030

AN ACT



IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

August 6 (legislative day, July 8), 1957
Read twice and referred to the Committee on Agriculture and Forestry

AN ACT

To amend the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 with respect to acreage history.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 That section 377 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of
- 4 1938, as amended, is amended to read as follows:
- 5 "Sec. 377. In any case in which, during any year
- 6 within the period 1957 to 1959, inclusive, for which acreage
- 7 planted to a commodity on any farm (including the acreage
- 8 regarded as planted to the commodity under the provisions
- 9 of this title for releasing unused farm allotments and by
- 10 reason of participation in the soil bank programs) is less
- 11 than the acreage allotment for such farm, the entire acreage

1 allotment for such farm (excluding any allotment released

2 from the farm or reapportioned to the farm) shall be con-

3 sidered for purposes of future State, county, and farm acreage

4 allotments to have been planted to such commodity in such

5 year on such farm. Acreage history credits for released or

6 reapportioned acreage shall be governed by the applicable pro-

7 visions of this title pertaining to the release and reapportion-

8 ment of acreage allotments. This section shall not be appli-

9 cable in any case in which the amount of wheat or rice re-

10 quired to be stored to postpone or avoid payment of penalty

11 has been reduced because the allotment was not fully

12 planted."

Passed the House of Representatives August 5, 1957.

Attest:

RALPH R. ROBERTS,

Clerk.



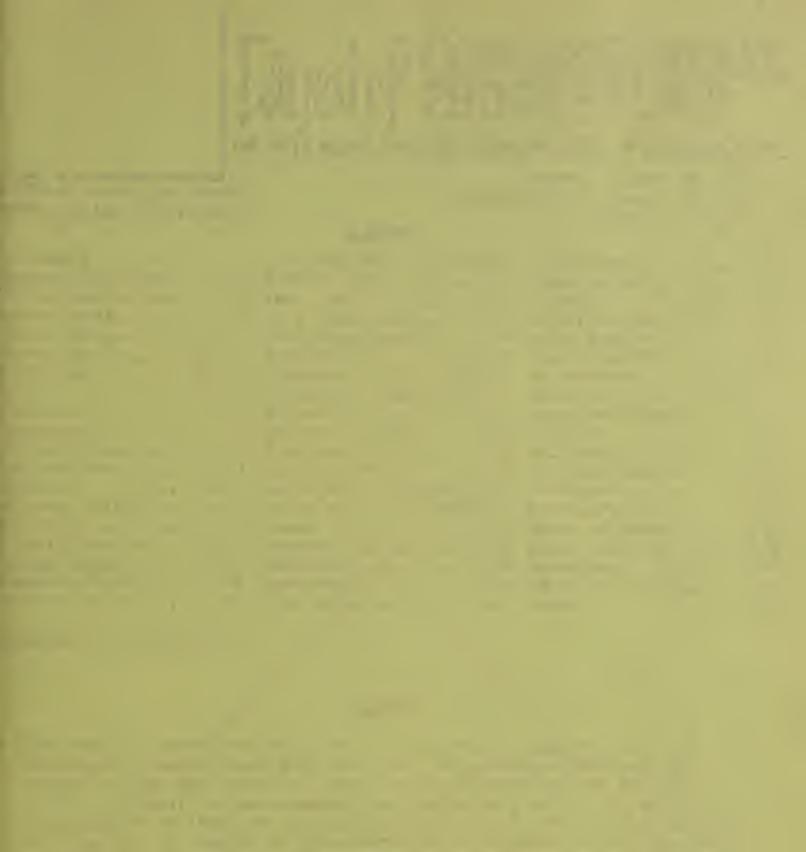
AN ACT

To amend the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 with respect to acreage history.

August 6 (legislative day, July 8), 1957

Read twice and referred to the Committee on

Agriculture and Forestry



H. R. 8030

ALDIN NO

Digest of CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS

OF INTEREST TO THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

OFFICE OF BUDGET AND FINANCE (For Department Staff Only)

For actions of August 20, 1957
85th-1st, No. 150

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HIGHLIGHTS: (See Page 6.)

SENATE

- 1. SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATION BILL, 1958. Passed with amendments H.R. 9131, the supplemental appropriation bill for 1958. The committee amendments were adopted en bloc (pp. 13795-7). Agreed to an amendment by Sen. Williams (on behalf of himself and Sen. Humphrey) to provide \$3.5 million for poultry inspection to be effective upon enactment of S. 1747, the poultry inspection bill (p. 13832). Agreed to an amendment by Sen. Sparkman to provide \$300,000 for farm housing research to be conducted by the land-grant colleges through grants from the Housing and Home Finance Agency (p. 13832). Agreed to an amendment by Sen. Hayden to ratify obligations from this bill for the period from July 1, 1957 until enactment (p. 13797). Senate conferees were appointed. pp. 13794-7, 13808-29, 13832, 13833-7
- 2. POULTRY INSPECTION. Agreed to the conference report on S. 1747, the poultry inspection bill. This bill will now be sent to the President. pp. 13829-31
- 3. COMMITTEES; ACREAGE ALLOTMENTS; FEED GRAINS. The Agriculture and Forestry Committee reported the following bills:

Without amendment, H.R. 8508, providing for the election of two county committees in certain counties (S. Rept. 1040);

With amendments, H.R. 8030, to eliminate the requirement that notice of intention not to plant the full acreage alloted must be filed with the county committee in order for a farmer to receive credit for future acreage allotment purposes (S. Rept. 1039), and

With amendment, H.R. 2486, to authorize <u>CCC</u> to grant relief with respect to claims arising out of deliveries of eligible surplus feed grains on ineligible dates in connection with purchase orders under the emergency feed program (S. Rept. 1041). p. 13760

- 4. DISASTER RELIEF; COTTON. The Agriculture and Forestry Committee ordered reported without amendment the following bills:
 - S. 304, to provide for a specific contribution by State governments to the cost of feed or seed furnished to farmers in disaster areas; and
 - S. 314, to assist the U. S. cotton textile industry in regaining its equitable share of the world market. p. D796
- 5. ACCOUNTING. Concurred in the House amendment to S. 1799, to change various legal provisions so as to facilitate the payment of Government checks. This bill will now be sent to the President. pp. 13794-5
- 6. ORGANIZATION. Senate conferees were appointed on S. 1791, to extend the Reorganization Act of 1949 to apply to reorganization plans submitted before June 1, 1959. House conferees have not been appointed. p. 13795
- 7. FARM PROGRAM. Sen. Humphrey inserted a letter from Leon Keyserling stating he had not advocated a reduction in the number of family-type farms and inserting a statement by the Conference on Economic Progress, "Statement in Answer to Misrepresentations About Full Prosperity For Agriculture." pp. 13801-3
- 8. REA LOANS. Sens. Carroll, Humphrey, Allott, Kefauver, Langer, and Chavez, discussed charges that REA loan authority has been transferred to the Office of the Secretary, and the request of the Government Operations Committee that Secretary Benson testify in response to such charges. Sen. Carroll inserted a news article, "Hamil's Authority Over REA Now Subjected to Review." pp. 13803-7
- 9. INTEREST RATES. Sen. Humphrey criticized the administration's policy on interest rates and inserted a letter from the Minn. School Board Ass'n urging a study of the high interest rates on school construction bonds and an article, "Ike Probe Asked of School Bond Charges." pp. 13798-9

Sens. Humphrey and Kerr discussed the administration's role in raising interest rates on loans, and criticized the Secretary of the Treasury for "flexing" interest rates up, and the Secretary of Agriculture for "flexing prices of agricultural products down." pp. 13799-801

- 10. WATER RESOURCES. Concurred in the House amendments to S. 1556, granting consent to the Little Missouri River compact. This bill will now be sent to the President. p. 13803
- 11. HOUSING. Agreed to the conference report on H.R. 8240, the military housing construction authorization bill, including a provision for the use of foreign currencies acquired under <u>Public Law 480</u>, for the construction of military family housing units in foreign countries (pp. 13832-3). The House received the conference report but did not act upon it (H. Rept. 1193) (pp. 11873-82).

CONTRACT ALLOTMEN' PRESERVATION OF UNUSED ACREAGE ALLOTMENTS

August 19, 1957.—Ordered to be printed

Mr. Johnston of South Carolina, from the Committee on Agriculture and Forestry, submitted the following

REPORT

[To accompany H. R. 8030]

The Committee on Agriculture and Forestry, to whom was referred the bill (H. R. 8030) to amend the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 with respect to acreage history, having considered the same, report thereon with a recommendation that it do pass with amendments.

This bill eliminates the requirement of notice for 1957, 1958, and 1959 from section 377 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, which provides that for the years 1956 through 1959 the entire acreage allotment of any commodity shall be regarded as planted, whether actually planted or not. Eliminating this requirement would facilitate administration and reduce expense as described in the report of the House Committee on Agriculture, which is attached. The bill also makes it clear that nothing in this section would prevent the surrender and reapportionment of acreage allotments as provided by other sections of the act, or change the method of crediting acreage history in the case of such surrender and reapportionment.

The committee amendments are technical changes designed to carry out the purpose of the bill as described in the House report.

They would-

(1) make it clear that the history of acreage underplanted in 1956 would continue to be preserved if notice was given as

required by law in 1956;

(2) make it clear that acreage regarded as planted under the release and surrender provisions would not be counted as part of the acreage actually planted on the farm in determining whether the acreage planted is less than the acreage allotment (which expressly excludes the surrendered acreage); and

(3) maintain unchanged the provision making the section inapplicable in any case in which the amount of the commodity stored to avoid penalty is reduced. As passed by the House the bill would limit this provision to wheat and rice. While these are the only commodities for which the law provides for storage to avoid penalty, some tobacco has by regulation been stored to avoid penalty in past years. We understand that only one producer now has such tobacco in store. The committee was unable to determine whether this provision would afford any benefit to this producer, but there appears no reason for changing the law in this respect, and it does not appear from the House report that any change was intended.

[H. Rept. No. 817, 85th Cong., 1st sess.]

The Committee on Agriculture, to whom was referred the bill (H. R. 8030) to amend the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 with respect to acreage history, having considered the same, report favorably thereon without amendment and recommend that the bill do pass.

STATEMENT

When Congress enacted the Soil Bank Act as part of the Agricultural Act of 1956, it was recognized that it was desirable also to utilize other means to encourage farmers not to plant their full allotments of the surplus crops. Therefore, there was included in the Agricultural Act of 1956 section 307 which provided that during the years 1956 to 1959, inclusive, farmers would receive full credit for acreage allotted to them but not planted if they notified the county committee of their intention not to plant their full allotment. The purpose of this was to prevent and make unnecessary any planting of allotted crops simply for the purpose of preserving acreage history for future allotment purposes.

In the crop years 1956 and 1957, farmers have made wide use of this provision. This has doubtless been a factor in reducing acreage of some of the surplus crops, but it has also added substantially to the burden of the county committees, who are required to accept, process, and record the notices of intention not to plant filed with them by producers in their counties.

PURPOSE OF THIS BILL

The sole purpose of this bill is to eliminate the requirement that notice of intention not to plant the full acreage allotment must be filed with the county committee in order for the farmer to receive credit for future allotment purposes. It does not change in any way the desirable provision of law that the full allotment need not be planted in order to preserve the allotment history for the farm, but merely eliminates the requirement that the farmer must notify the county committee of his intention not to plant his whole allotment and, of course, relieves the county committees of the necessity of handling and recording these notices.

The exemption period during which acreage not planted will still be counted for history purposes is limited to the period 1957 to 1959 and thus is consistent with the original

provision in the act of 1956.

Rather than costing any additional money, the Department of Agriculture stated that enactment of this bill eliminating the notice requirement would save the Department a substantial amount of money in administrative expense.

HEARINGS

Hearings were held on a similar bill (H. R. 5678), which was amended by the subcommittee following the hearings, and the bill herewith reported (H. R. 8030) was then introduced as a clean bill embodying the amendments agreed to

by the subcommittee.

At the hearing, representatives of the Department of Agriculture appeared to enthusiastically endorse the provisions of the bill. Representatives of the farmers union also appeared in support of the measure, and there were no witnesses in opposition to the bill.

DEPARTMENTAL APPROVAL

Following is the text of the letter from the Department of Agriculture endorsing enactment of the original bill (H. R. 5678). The substance of the amendments recommended by the Department are incorporated in the revised bill herewith reported.

MAY 20, 1957.

Hon. Harold D. Cooley, Chairman, Committee on Agriculture, House of Representatives.

Dear Congressman Cooley: This is in reply to your request of March 13, 1957, for a report on H. R. 5678, a bill to amend the Agricultural Act of 1938, as amended.

This Department recommends that the bill be passed. The bill would make automatic the provisions of section 377 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, so that unused acreage allotment history during the 1957–59 crop years would be automatically preserved without any requirement that the farmer file a request with the county ASC committee for such preservation. This would eliminate a tremendous volume of administrative work now involved in handling individual requests by farm operators and owners for preservation of allotment history acreage.

The Department also considers it highly desirable that in conjunction with the automatic preservation of acreage history the provisions of law relating to the release and reapportionment of acreage allotments for cotton, rice, and peanuts be temporarily suspended for the last 2 years of the acreage reserve program—1958 and 1959. We feel that this would be in accordance with the intent of the Congress in enacting the Soil Bank Act last year. The following language to be added beginning at line 14, page 2, of the

bill would accomplish such suspension:

"Sec. 2. The provisions of sections 344 (m) (2), 353 (e), and 358 (g) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, shall not be effective with respect to the 1958 and

1959 crops."

It appears that the word "Adjustment" was inadvertently omitted from the name of the act being amended; and accordingly it should be inserted between the words "Agricul tural" and "Act" in the title of the bill and in line 3 thereof

in order to refer to the act by its correct name.

The enactment of this proposed bill would not require additional appropriation of funds. Instead, substantial savings in administrative costs should result and more importantly, farm operators would be relieved of the current requirement of calling at ASC county offices to file individual requests for preservation of allotment history.

The Bureau of the Budget advises that there is no objec-

tion to the submission of this report.

Sincerely yours,

TRUE D. MORSE, Acting Secretary.

Additional information from the Department of Agriculture:

August 19, 1957.

Hon. Allen J. Ellender, United States Senate.

Dear Senator Ellender: In accordance with discussions representatives of the Commodity Stabilization Service recently have had with Mr. Harker Stanton, Counsel, Committee on Agriculture and Forestry, there is set out below an explanation of the provisions of H. R. 8030, as passed by the House of Representatives on August 6, 1957.

Present law contains many different provisions under which a farm may, for purposes of future acreage allotment programs, be given credit for planting acreage to a commodity even though the acreage is not actually planted. Two of these provisions were enacted last year in the Agricultural Act of 1956. The first protects the acreage history for farms participating in the soil bank acreage reserve and conservation reserve programs. The other is section 377 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, which provides that during the period 1956 to 1959, inclusive, where the acreage planted to a commodity is less than the farm acreage allotment therefor, the entire farm acreage allotment shall be considered for purposes of future State, county, and farm acreage allotments to have been planted if the owner or operator of the farm notifies the county committee by not later than a specified date of his desire to preserve the acreage history for the farm. The provisions of section 377 are not applicable where the amount of the commodity required to be stored to postpone or avoid payment of penalty has been reduced because the allotment was not fully planted. Under the last sentence of the said section, if a farm owner or operator notifies the county committee of his desire to preserve acreage history he cannot thereafter release the unplanted acreage allotment for reapportionment by the county committee to other farms.

H. R. 8030 is designed to change section 377 so that, for the period 1957 to 1959, inclusive, the acreage history for unplanted allotment

will be preserved for a farm without a request from the farm owner or operator, and any unused acreage allotment may be released and reapportioned to other farms in accordance with other provisions of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, which specifically authorize release and reapportionment. In addition, the bill makes clear that acreage history credits for released and reapportioned acreage allotment shall be governed by the release and reapportionment provision of the act.

If H. R. 8030 is passed by the Senate and approved by the President, the Department would issue such regulations and procedures as necessary to provide for the calculation of acreage history credits as follows

in certain assumed situations:

·	Acres
1958 farm cotton acreage allotment	20
Aereage placed in aereage reserve program	4
Acreage released for reapportionment to other farms	4
Acreage planted to eotton	10
Acreage history preserved under see. 377	2

Thus, the full allotment of 20 acres would be regarded as planted to cotton in 1958 for purposes of establishing future farm cotton allotments. However, insofar as this farm is concerned, the acreage history credited to the county and the State for 1958 would be only 16 acres, since section 344 (m) (2) of the act provides for credit for released acreage to be given only to the farm releasing it.

Of course, if the released acreage allotment were reapportioned to another farm in the county and it was used on that farm for the planting of 4 acres of cotton, the farm would not receive acreage history credit for the 4 acres planted but the county and State would.

As indicated in the House report (Rept. No. 817), the bill would bring about substantial savings to the Government and also would relieve farmers from the expense and inconvenience of visiting the county offices to obtain an explanation of section 377 of the act and to execute and file the required form. We are hopeful that the bill can be approved during this session of the Congress.

Sincerely yours,

CLARENCE L. MILLER,
Acting Administrator.

CHANGES IN EXISTING LAW

In compliance with subsection (4) of rule XXIX of the Standing Rules of the Senate, changes in existing law made by the bill, as reported, are shown as follows (existing law proposed to be omitted is enclosed in black brackets, new matter is printed in italic, existing law in which no change is proposed is shown in roman):

AGRICULTURAL ADJUSTMENT ACT OF 1938, AS AMENDED

SEC. 377. In any case in which during any year within the period 1956 to 1959, inclusive, for which acreage planted to [such] a commodity on any farm is less than the acreage allotment for such farm, the entire acreage allotment for such farm (excluding any allotment released from the farm or reapportioned to the farm) shall be considered for purposes of future State, county, and farm acreage allotment to

have been planted to such commodity in such year on such farm, but the 1956 acreage allotment of any commodity shall be regarded as planted under this section only if the owner or operator of such farm [notifies] notified the county committee prior to the sixtieth day preceding the beginning of marketing year for such commodity of his desire to preserve such allotment. Acreage history credits for released or reapportioned acreage shall be governed by the applicable provisions of this title pertaining to the release and reapportionment of acreage allotments. This section shall not be applicable in any case in which the amount of the commodity required to be stored to postpone or avoid payment of penalty has been reduced because the allotment was not fully planted. [Nothing herein shall be construed to permit the allotment to any other farm of the acreage with respect to which notice is given under this section.]





Calendar No. 1061

85TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 8030

[Report No. 1039]

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

August 6 (legislative day, July 8), 1957 Read twice and referred to the Committee on Agriculture and Forestry

August 19, 1957

Reported by Mr. Johnston of South Carolina, with amendments
[Omit the part struck through and insert the part printed in italic]

AN ACT

To amend the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 with respect to acreage history.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 That section 377 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of
- 4 1938, as amended, is amended to read as follows:
- 5 "Sec. 377. In any case in which, during any year
- 6 within the period 1957 1956 to 1959, inclusive, for which
- 7 acreage planted to a commodity on any farm (including the
- 8 acreage regarded as planted to the commodity under the
- 9 provisions of this title for releasing unused farm allotments
- 10 and by reason of participation in the soil bank programs) is
- 11 less than the acreage allotment for such farm, the entire

acreage allotment for such farm (excluding any allotment released from the farm or reapportioned to the farm) shall 2 be considered for purposes of future State, county, and farm 3 acreage allotments to have been planted to such commodity 4 in such year on such farm, but the 1956 acreage allotment 5 of any commodity shall be regarded as planted under this 6 section only if the owner or operator of such farm notified 7 the county committee prior to the sixtieth day preceding the 8 beginning of the marketing year for such commodity of his 9 desire to preserve such allotment. Acreage history credits 10 for released or reapportioned acreage shall be governed by 11 the applicable provisions of this title pertaining to the re-12 lease and reapportionment of acreage allotments. This sec-13 14 tion shall not be applicable in any case in which the 15 amount of wheat or rice the commodity required to be stored 16 to postpone or avoid payment of penalty has been reduced 17 because the allotment was not fully planted."

Passed the House of Representatives August 5, 1957.

Attest:

RALPH R. ROBERTS,

Clerk.



85TH CONGRESS H. R. 8030

Dancet No. 10397

[Report No. 1039]

AN ACT

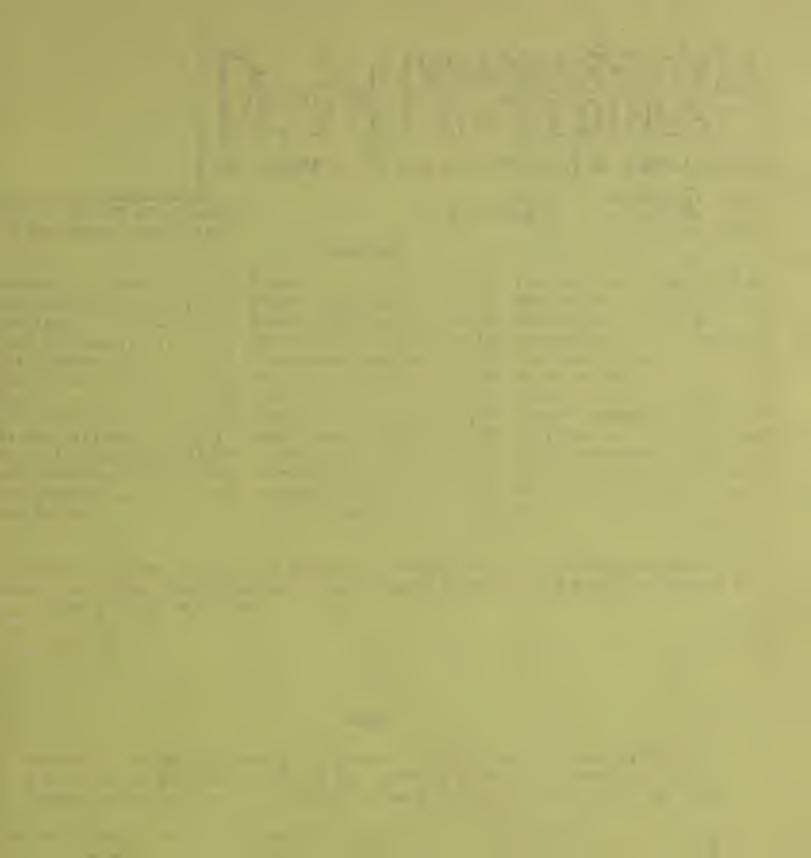
To amend the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 with respect to acreage history.

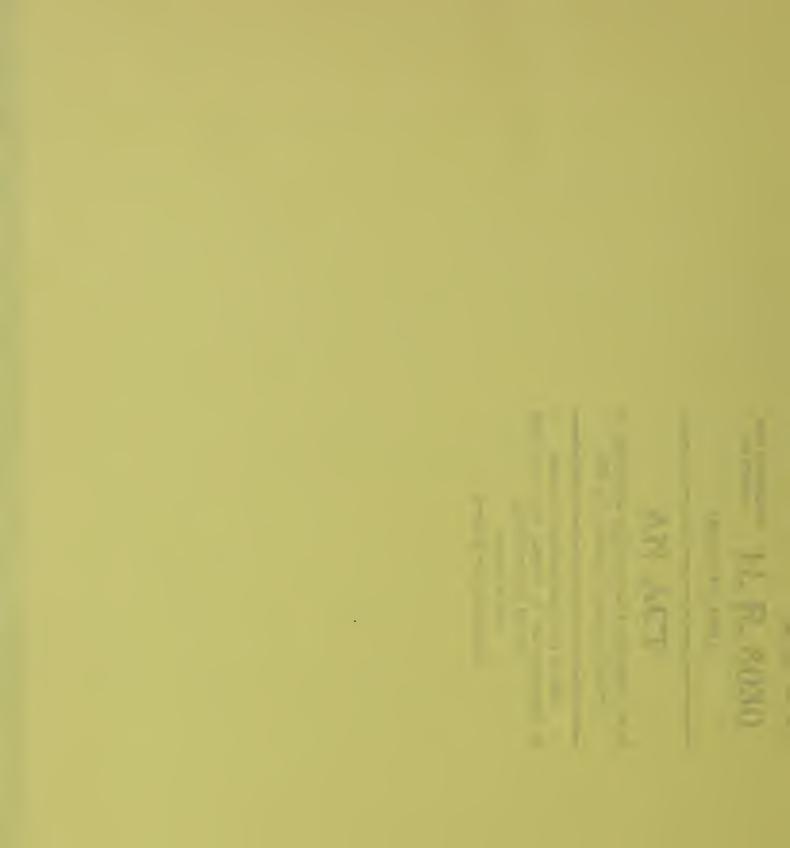
August 6 (legislative day, July 8), 1957

Read twice and referred to the Committee on Agriculture and Forestry

August 19, 1957

Reported with amendments





Digest of Congressional Proceedings

OF INTEREST TO THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

THE REST COMP COMP COMP COMP COMP		Issued August 27, 1957
OFFICE OF BUDGET AND FINANCE	For acti	ons of August 26, 1957
(For Department Staff Only)		85th-lst, No. 155
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HIGHLIGHTS: Senate passed bill to prevent certain shifts in acreage allotments history resulting from unplanted acres. Senate passed bill for sale of cotton to U.S. mills at reduced prices.

Natural resources......31

HOUSE

- 1. PERSONNEL. The Rules Committee reported a resolution for consideration of H.R. 7915, to require consent of the Attorney General to produce certain Federal records in court in connection with <u>loyalty</u> cases, etc.. pp. 14579
- 2. CIVIL RIGHTS. The Rules Committee reported a resolution for disposition of the Senate amendments to the civil rights bill, H.R. 6127. p. 14595
- 3. FOREIGN AID. Rep. Passman spoke in favor of the House approved version of the mutual security appropriation bill. p. 14569
- 4. WEATHER. Rep. Ashley criticized curtailment of Weather Bureau operations throughout the country, claiming that this is damaging our national economy and stating that farmers and fruitgrowers depend on special agricultural forecasts. p. 14569
- 5. ELECTRIFICATION. Rep. Trimble praised the work of the rural electric co-ops and deplored increased power costs and interest rates. pp. 14569-70
- 6. CIVIL DEFENSE. Rep. Huddleston claimed the civil defense program is inadequate.

7. PUBLIC LANDS. Rep. Engle requested that the House concur in the Senate amendment to H.R. 5538, to provide that withdrawals, reservations, or restrictions of more than 5,000 acres of public lands of the U.S. require approval by Act of Congress, but Rep. Baring objected to the request. pp. 14572-3

SENATE

- 8. ACREAGE ALLOTMENTS. Passed with amendments H.R. 8030, to eliminate the requirement that notice of intent not to plant the full acreage alloted must be filed with the county committee in order for a farmer to receive credit for future acreage allotment purposes. pp. 14507-8
- 9. COTTON. Passed without amendment S. 314, to direct the Department to offer surplus cotton to U.S. mills at reduced prices in order to allow them to compete with foreign textiles on the world market. pp. 14509-10
- 10. FARM-CITY WEEK. Passed without amendment H.J.Res. 313, designating the week of Nov. 22-28, 1957, as National Farm-City Week. This bill will now be sent to the President. p. 14516
- 11. DAIRY-PRODUCTS IMPORTS. Passed without amendment H.R. 38, to provide for the temporary free importation of casein. This bill will now be sent to the President. p. 14503
- 12. FORESTRY. Passed as reported S. 479, to grant a 50-year right-of-way for a water pipeline across the Lincoln National Forest, N.M.. pp. 14510-11

 Passed as reported H.R. 6322, to provide for a delay in the date of submission of a plan for the future control of property of the Menominee Tribe. pp. 14520-3
- 13. FARM LOANS. Senate conferees were appointed on S. 1002, to permit USDA to aid desert-land entrymen to the same extent as homestead entrymen. House conferees have not been appointed. pp. 14498-9
- 14. RECLAMATION. Both Houses agreed to the conference report on S. 1482, to increase the limitation on the acreage one family might have of irrigated land in the Columbia Basin Project (H. Rept. 1238). This bill will now be sent to the President. pp. 14525, 14572
- 15. SAFETY. At the request of Sen. Purtell, passed over S. 931, to reorganize the safety functions of the Government. pp. 14502-3
- 16. COMMITTEES. At the request of Sen. Talmadge, passed over H.R. 8508, to provide for two ASC county committees for certain counties. p. 14508
- 17. FEED GRAINS. At the request of Sen. Clark, passed over H.R. 2486, to authorize CCC to grant relief on claims arising out of deliveries of eligible surplus feed grains on ineligible dates under purchase orders for the emergency feed program. p. 14508
- 18. WOOL. At the request of Sen. Talmadge, passed over H.R. 6894, to amend the tariff on mica and allow the duty-free entry of certain wool yarn. p. 14509
- 19. DISASTER RELIEF. At the request of Sen. Talmadge, passed over S. 304, to require States to contribute from 25 to 50% of the cost of feed or seed furnished to farmers in disaster areas. p. 14509

ported from the Committee on the Judiciary, with amendments, in line 7, after the word "visa", to strike out "fees" and insert "fee", and after line 7, to strike out "Upon the granting of permanent residence to such alien as provided for in this act, the Secretary of State shall instruct the proper quotacontrol officer to deduct one number from the appropriate quota for the first year that such quota is available"; so as to make the bill read;

make the bill read:

Be it enactet, etc., That, for the purposes of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Shirley Leeke Kilpatrick shall be held and considered to have been lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence as of the date of the enactment of this act, upon payment of the required visa fee.

The amendments were agreed to.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, read the third time, and passed.

CONSTRUCTION OF AERONAUTICAL RESEARCH FACILITIES

The Senate proceeded to consider the bill (H. R. 3377) to promote the national defense by authorizing the construction of aeronautical research facilities and the acquisition of land by the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics necessary to the effective prosecution of aeronautical research which had been reported from the Committee on Armed Services, with amendments, on page 2, line 3, after the word "tunnel", to insert "taxi strip"; in line 4, to strike out "\$8,164,000" and insert "\$8,914,000", and in line 21, to strike out "\$44,700,000" and insert "\$45,450,000."

The amendments were agreed to.

The amendments were ordered to be engrossed and the bill to be read a third time.

The bill was read the third time, and passed.

LEASING OF LANDS WITHIN INDIAN RESERVATIONS, ALASKA

The Senate proceeded to consider the bill (H. R. 6562) to clarify the law relating to leasing of lands within Indian reservations in Alaska, and for other purposes, which had been reported from the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs, with an amendment, to strike out all after the enacting clause and Insert:

That the withdrawal and reservation of the north half, section 33, township 28 south, range 56 east, Copper River meridian, near Klukwan, Alaska, by an order of the Secretary of the Interior dated April 27, 1943, for school, heaith, and other purposes, under the provisions of the act of May 31, 1938 (52 Stat. 593), is hereby revoked.

(52 Stat. 593), is hereby revoked.
SEC. 2. The reservation established by
Executive Order No. 1764, dated April
21, 1913, and amended as to the boundaries thereof by Executive Order No.
3673, dated May 15, 1922, for the use of the natives of Alaska residing near the village of Klukwan, is hereby enlarged to include the north half of said section 33.

SEC. 3. Said reservation, as so enlarged, may be leased for mining purposes by Chilkat Indian Village organized under the provisions of the act of June 18, 1934 (48 Stat. 984), as amended by the act of May 1, 1936 (49 Stat. 1250), with the approval of the

Secretary of the Interior, in accordance with the provisions of the act of May 11, 1938 (52 Stat. 347), as amended or supplemented.

The amendment was agreed to.

The amendment was ordered to be engrossed and the bill to be read a third time.

The bill was read the third time, and passed.

The title was amended, so as to read: "A bill relating to the north half of section 33, township 28 south, range 56 east, Copper River meridian, Alaska."

ALBERT A: HEINZE

The Senate proceeded to consider the bill (H. R. 2075) for the relief of Albert A. Heinze, which had been reported from the Committee on the Judiciary, with an amendment on page 1, line 11, after the word "Act", to strike out "in excess of 10 percentum thereof."

The amendment was agreed to.

The amendment was ordered to be engrossed and the bill to be read a third time.

The bill was read the third time, and passed.

CONVEYANCE OF CERTAIN LANDS IN ALASKA FOR WAR-HOUSING PROJECT

The bill (S. 2042) to authorize the conveyance of a fee simple title to certain lands in the Territory of Alaska underlying war housing project Alaska-50083, and for other purposes was considered, ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, read the third time, and passed, as follows:

Be it enacted, etc., That the Housing and Home Finance Administrator is hereby authorized to convey, pursuant to the terms of the act entitled "An act to expedite the provision of housing in connection with national defense, and for other purposes," approved October 14, 1940, as amended, and notwithstanding any limitations or requirements of section 2 of the Act of May 14, 1898 (30 Stat. 409; 48 U. S. C. 411) or of any other law with respect to the use or disposition of lands of the United States in Alaska, a fee simple title to the lands or any part thereof underlying war housing project Alaska-50083 located in Juneau, Alaska, together with such easements in, over, through, or upon the adjacent tidal flats as may be necessary to continue the existing main sewer line to deep water.

CARL E. ROBINSON, ANCHOR POINT, ALASKA

The bill (H. R. 3877) to validate a patent issued to Carl E. Robinson, of Anchor Point, Alaska, for certain land in Alaska, and for other purposes was considered, ordered to a third reading, read the third time, and passed.

GRANT OF CERTAIN LANDS TO TERRITORY OF ALASKA

The Senate proceeded to consider the bill (H. R. 3940) to grant certain lands to the Territory of Alaska which had been reported from the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs with an amendment on page 2, line 9, after the

word "supra", to insert a colon and "And provided further, That the Territory of Alaska may not sell or convey any part or all of said property to any person or organization other than a political subdivision of said Territory for less than fair market value."

The amendment was agreed to.

The amendment was ordered to be engrossed and the bill to be read a third time.

The bill was read the third time, and passed.

ADJUSTMENT OF ACREAGE LISTING

The Senate proceeded to consider the bill (H. R. 8030) to amend the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, with respect to acreage listing which had been reported from the Committee on Agriculture and Forestry, with amendments, on page 1, line 6, after the word "period", to strike out "1957" and insert "1956"; in line 7, after the word "farm", to strike out "(including the acreage regarded as planted to the commodity under the provisions of this title for releasing unused farm allotments and by reason of participation in the soil bank programs)"; on page 2, line 5, after the word 'farm", to insert a comma and "but the 1956 acreage allotment of any commodity shall be regarded as planted under this section only if the owner or operator of such farm notified the county committee prior to the 60th day preceding the beginning of the marketing year for such commodity of his desire to preserve such allotment", and in line 15, after the word "of", to strike out "wheat or rice" and insert "the commodity."

The amendments were agreed to.

The amendments were ordered to be engrossed and the bill to be read a third time.

The bill was read the third time and passed.

Mr. STENNIS subsequently said: Mr. President, this afternoon, Calendar No. 1061, House bill 8030, was passed by the Senate. I ask unanimous consent to have printed in the Record immediately following the passage of that bill a short statement by myself.

There being no objection, the statement was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

STATEMENT BY SENATOR STENNIS

Passage of H. R. 8030 is most important. It is similar to my bill, S. 2777, designed to prevent shifts in cotton acreage history resulting from unplanted acres. H. R. 8030 differs from my bill in that it includes all alloted crops and is temporary in nature, covering only the 1956-59 crop years. The provisions of my bill apply only to cotton and would be permanent instead of temporary. I am glad that the Senate Committee on Agriculture and Forestry has included other crops and hope that consideration will be given later to making this permanent legislation.

The decline in cotton acreage history has been a serious problem throughout the Cotton Belt, and I believe that this bill will assist greatly in bringing about desirable stability. When allotted acreage is underplanted and complicated legal precautions are not taken to preserve the acreage credit, allowable acreage not only on the farm but within the county is diminished in future years. Because of the complicated provi-

slons of existing law—designed to protect the Individual farmer—many inequitable shifts at the farm and county level are being experienced. As I pointed out earlier, some countles in my State in 1957 suffered a loss of as much as 6.5 percent of their 1956 cotton acreage allotments, even though our State allotment was reduced by only 1 percent. Since it is almost impossible to regain acreage once it is lost, many farmers seek to plant their full allotments rather than to underplant and apply for credit under present law. This has resulted in building up surpluses which have given us so much trouble.

Administration of the statutory provisions for protection of acreage history is a burden on the county committee and other agricultural workers and is also a burden to the individual farmer who must at his own expense and on his own time go to the county office and execute the required documents prior to planting time to preserve his history. In addition to the saving to the farmers in time and travel, I understand from the Department of Agriculture that this proposed legislation in the case of cotton alone would save the Government at least \$1 million annually in administrative expenses.

I believe the primary purpose of the five exemptions provided in present law can be more easily accomplished both for the farmer and for the Government through the passage of H. R. 8030, to authorize acreage allotment history to be computed automatically regardless of whether or not the farm allotment had been fully planted. The latest 5-year average acreage as a base for acreage history would be retained, but the undesirable shifts resulting from underplanting would be removed as an obstacle to effective operation of the program at the farm and county level.

This bill is a move in the right direction and I hope that it will receive the full approval of the Senate.

BILLS PASSED OVER

The bill (H. R. 8508) to provide that there shall be two county committees elected under the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act for certain counties was announced as next in order.

Mr. TALMADGE. Over, Mr. President, by request.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The

bill will be passed over:

The bill (H. R. 2486) to authorize Commodity Credit Corporation to grant relief with respect to claims arising out of deliveries of eligible surplus feed grains on ineligible dates in connection with purchase orders under its emergency feed program was announced as next in order.

Mr. CLARK. Over, by request, Mr. President.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The bill will be passed over.

TITLE TO CERTAIN LANDS BENEATH TIDEWATERS, ALASKA

The Senate proceeded to consider the bill (H. R. 6760) to grant the Territory of Alaska title to certain lands beneath tidal waters, and for other purposes, which had been reported from the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs, with amendments, on page 2, line 1, after the word "Army" to strike out "as the outer limit to which manmade facilities may be permitted to extend into Federal waters" and insert "Provided, That the pierhead line shall be a line parallel to

the existing line of mean low tide at such distance offshore from the line of mean low tide that said pierhead line shall encompass, to the landward, all stationary, manmade structures (but shall not encompass any part of breakwaters, bridges, or piers used for vessel dockage which part extends beyond such a parallel line marking the seaward extremity of other manmade structures) which were in existence as of February 1, 1957, to the seaward of the particular townsite for which the pierhead line is being established, and shall encompass no more: And provided further,"; after line 22, to insert "For the purposes of this act, the term 'line of mean high tide' shall mean the meander line as heretofore established by Government survey, or, in the event that such a survey has not been made, the present line of mean high tide"; on page 3, after line 8, to insert "in the same manner and subject to the same conditions as set forth in this act for lands lying offshore of townsites which are now surveyed"; on page 4, line 6, after the word "tract", to insert a colon and "Provided, That all oil, gas, or other minerals shall be reserved to the Territory in the event that any part or all of said granted lands are sold or disposed of to a political subdivision or to any other person or organization, such minerals to be subject to exploitation under mineral lease from the Territory only"; on page 5, line 3, after "SEC. 3.", to insert "Any lands which are (1) within the purview of section 2 (a) of this act, and (2) situated to the seaward of the 'coastline' as that term is defined in section 2 (c) of the Submerged Lands Act of 1953 (67 Stat. 29), shall be subject to the said Submerged Lands Act and, as to such lands, the Territory shall have equal title, right, and interest as is accorded to States which are subject to that act in relation to their similar lands; all other lands which come within the purview of section 2 (a) of this act shall be subject to the provisions of this act"; in line 13, after the word "of" to insert "the first sentence of this section and the operation of"; on page/8, line 7, after the word "is", to insert 'now or in the future", and in line 14; after the word "lines", to strike out the comma and "beyond which no manmade facilities may be permitted to extend into Federal waters.

The amendments were agreed to.

The amendments were ordered to be engrossed and the bill to be read a third time.

The bill was read the third time and passed.

PACIFIC CUSTOMS BROKERAGE CO. OF DETROIT, MICH.

The bill (H. R. 1591) for the relief of the Pacific Customs Brokerage Co., Detroit, Mich. was considered, ordered to a third reading, read the third time, and passed.

USE OF CERTIFIED MAIL IN SUMMONING JURORS

The bill (H. R. 3367) to amend sec. 1867 of title 28 of the United States Code to authorize the use of certified mail in

summoning jurors was considered, ordered to a third reading, read the third time, and passed.

ADJUSTING PENALTIES RELATING TO INJURIOUS NONMAILABLE MATTER

The bill (H. R. 4193) to amend sec. 1716 of title 18, United States Code, so as to conform to the act of July 14, 1956 (70 Stat. 538-540), was considered, ordered to a third reading, read the third time, and passed.

CONVEYANCE OF CERTAIN TRACT OF LAND TO THE STATE OF FLORIDA

The Senate proceeded to consider the bill (S. 2107) to provide for the conveyance to the State of Florida of a certain tract of land in such State owned by the United States, which had been reported from the Committee on the Judiciary with amendments, on page 1, line 7, after the word "to", to strike out "that part of" and insert "a tract of land about 300 feet square located in"; in line 10, after the name "Florida", to strike out "and more particularly describe as follows:" and insert "approximately 2,150 feet east from the southwest corner of said section 34, containing 2 acres, more or less"; on page 2, after line 2, to strike out:

Commence at the southwest corner of said section 34 and run north 0 degree 14 minutes 30 seconds east 172.70 feet; thence north, 39 dagrees 07 minutes 30 seconds east 183.25 feet; thence 5 degrees 05 minutes 30 seconds east 162.50 feet; thence north 89 degrees 42 minutes 30 seconds east 1,999.20 feet to a point 14 feet north of the south line of said section 34, the point of beginning; then run north 0 degree 11 minutes 30 seconds west 286.0 feet; thence south 89 degrees 42 minutes 30 seconds west 300 feet; thence south 0 degree 11 minutes 30 seconds east 300.0 feet to the south line of section 34; thence north 89 degrees 42 minutes 30 seconds west 14.0 feet to point of beginning; containing 2.07 acres, more or less.

And, on page 3, line 13, after the word "States", to insert a comma and "which shall have the immediate right of entry thereon"; so as to make the bill read:

Be it enacted, etc, That (a) the Attorney General is authorized and directed to convey by quitelaim deed to the State of Florida, for use as a site for a State road department shortwave radio tower, all right, title, and interest of the United States, except as provided in this act, in and to a tract of land about 300 feet square located in the southeas quarer of he southwes quarter of section 34, township 1 north, range 1 east, situated in Leon County, Fla., approximately 2,150 feet east from the southwest corner of said section 34 containing 2 acres, more or less

(b) The Attorney General shall provide such easements over adjoining lands of the Federal Government as may be necessary to provide access to the land authorized to be conveyed by subsection (a).

SEC. 2. The conveyance authorized by this act shall be subject to the condition that the State of Florida pay to the Attorney Generay as consideration for the land conveyed the fair market value of such land as determined by the Attorney General after independent appraisal of such land, such fair





Digest of CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS

OF INTEREST TO THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

OFFICE OF BUDGET AND FINANCE (For Department Staff Only)

Issued For actions of

August 29, 1957 August 28, 1957 85th-1st, No./157

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HIGHLIGHTS: (See Page 6.)

SENATE

- 1. IAND-WATER RESOURCES. The Interior and Insular Affairs Committee and the Public Works Committee jointly reported with amendments S. Res. 148, to prescribe procedures and contents for reports to the Senate by executive agencies with respect to proposed projects for conservation and development of land and water resources (S. Rept. 1154). p. 14809
- FARN PROCRAM. Sen. Martin, Iowa, defended the record of the Eisenhower administration in connection with the farm program and set forth accomplishments on this matter. pp. 14881-4
- . WOOL PROGRAM. Sen. Barrett and others explained the problems of the sheep industry and the Wool Act of 1954, and recommended extension of the Act at the next session of Congress. pp. 14867-81
- BUDGETING. Sen. Ellender objected to procedures for the Budget Bureau to restrict apportionments to levels which will result in obligations below the intent of Congress at the time the appropriations were made. pp. 14849-50 Sen. Byrd inserted a letter from the Secretary of the Treasury explaining

the narrow margin between the public debt and the statutory debt limit, and the Senator stated he would oppose increasing the limit except for "dire national"

emergency." pp. 14864-5

- 5. GRAIN STANDARDS. Sen. Humphrey inserted an editorial recommending reappraisal of the possible USDA change from the bushel to the hundredweight as a unit of grain measure, and the Senator requested that CSS not adopt the new procedure without further study and consultation with the trading groups. p. 14843
- 6. RESEARCH. Sen. Thye spoke in favor of S. 2306, to carry out the recommendations of the Commission on Increased Use of Agricultural Products for Industrial Purposes. pp. 14821-2
- 7. FORESTRY. The Agriculture and Forestry Committee reported without amendment H. R. 7900, to permit USDA to sell to individuals land in Ottawa County, Mich., which was acquired pursuant to title III of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act (S. Rept. 1155). p. 14809

This Committee reported without amendment H. R. 580, to authorize exchange with Missouri of certain lands in the Clark and Mark Twain National Forests (S. Rept. 1156). p. 14809

- 8. POULTRY. Sen. Cotton inserted a N. H. Poultry Growers Assn. resolution opposing "Government controls or interference in the poultry industry except in a research capacity." p. 14809
- 9. INTEREST RATES. Sen. Neuberger said increased interest rates have restricted the economy of lumber and sawmill towns in Oregon. p. 14817

 Sen. Martin, Pa., stated that U. S. interest rates are lower than in most countries and that the world-wide increase in interest rates is the result of "cheap money." pp. 14820-1
- 10. CONSERVATION. Sen. Humphrey inserted a resolution by the Michigan United Conservation Clubs favoring S. 871, which provides for a conservation-study commission and Youth Conservation Corps. pp. 14843-4
- 11. PUBLIC WORKS Committee submitted its summary of activities, including amendments to the Lease-Purchase Act and approvals of projects under the Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention Act. pp. 14817-20
- 12. CIVIL RIGHTS. Continued debate on the compromise civil rights bill, H. R. 6127. pp. 14808, 14826-62, 14885-900

HOUSE

- 13. ACREAGE ALLOTMENTS. Concurred in the Senate amendments to H.R. 8030, to eliminate the requirement that notice of intent not to plant the full acreage allotment must be filed with the county committee in order for a farmer to receive credit for future acreage allotment purposes. The bill counts the acreage underplanted in 1956 if the committee was notified, does not count acreage released under surrender and reapportionment provisions, and applies the bill to all alloted crops. This bill will now be sent to the President. p. 14779
- 14. FOREIGN AID. Received the conference report on H.R. 9302, the 1958 mutual security appropriation bill (H. Rept. 1268). pp. 14799-800, 14806
- 15. PERSONNEL. Passed without amendment H.Con.Res. 175, to state a code of ethics for Government employees. p. 14785

Mr. GROSS. Mr. Speaker, reserving the right to object, is this the bill that deals with tidelands?

Mr. ENGLE. I yield to the Delegate from Alaska, Mr. Bartlett, to answer the inquiry.

Mr. BARTLETT. That was the previ-

ous bill.

Mr. GROSS. That was the previous bill?

Mr. BARTLETT. Yes.

Mr. GROSS. Mr. Speaker, I withdraw my reservation of objection.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from California?

There was no objection.

The Senate amendment was concurred

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

MENOMINEE TRIBE

Mr. ENGLE. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to take from the Speaker's desk the bill (H. R. 6322) to provide that the dates for submission of plan for future control of property and transfer of the property of the Menominee Tribe shall be delayed, with amendments of the Senate thereto, disagree to the Senate amendments, and ask for a conference with the Senate.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from California? [After a pause.] The Chair hears none and appoints the following conferees: Messis. Haley, Engle, Aspi-NALL, MILLER of Nebraska, and BERRY.

AGRICULTURAL AD-AMENDING JUSTMENT ACT OF 1938 WITH RE-SPECT TO ACREAGE HISTORY

Mr. MATTHEWS. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to take from the Speaker's desk the bill (H. R. 8030) to amend the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 with respect to acreage history, with Senate amendments thereto, and concur in the Senate amendments

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The Clerk read the Senate amendments, as follows:

Page 1, line 6, strike out "1957" and insert "1956."

Page 1, line 7, strike out all after "farm" down to and including "programs)" in line

Page 2, line 5, after "farm", insert "but the 1956 acreage allotment of any commodity shall be regarded as planted under this section only if the owner or operator of such farm notified the county committee prior to the 60th day preceding the beginning of the marketing year for such commodity of his desire to preserve such allotment."

Page 2, line 9, strike out "wheat or rice" and insert "the commodity."

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Florida?

Mr. AUGUST H. ANDRESEN. Mr. Speaker, reserving the right to object, will the gentleman explain this matter?

Mr. MATTHEWS. I will be delighted to do so.

In enacting the Soil Bank Act, Congress provided; as an additional inducement to farmers to underplant their

acreage allotments, that they would receive full credit for history purposes for any acres not planted if the county committee was notified in advance of the farmer's intention not to plant his full allotment.

After a year of administering this provision, the Department of Agriculture suggested that it could see no real reason for requiring farmers to notify the county committee of their intention to underplant their acres.

The Committee on Agriculture concurred with the Department in this matter and reported the bill H. R. 8030, which has the sole purpose of relieving farmers of the necessity of notifying the county committee in advance that they will underplant their acres. For the years 1957 through 1959—the duration of the Soil Bank Act-farmers will receive credit for history purposes for allotted acres not planted, without special notice to the county committee.

The Senate has made three clarifying amendments to this bill. They do not change the substance or intent of the bill as described in the House report but merely make it clear that the acreage underplanted in 1956 is to be counted for history purposes if the farmer did file the required notice with the county committee, that acreage released under surrender and reapportionment provisions of law will not be counted as acreage planted, and that the bill applies equally to all allotted crops.

Mr. AUGUST H. ANDRESEN. The sole purpose is to protect the historic acreage on the farm?

Mr. MATTHEWS. The gentleman is absolutely correct.

Mr. AUGUST H. ANDRESEN. I withdraw my reservation of objection.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Florida [Mr. Matthews]?

There was no objection.

The Senate amendment was agreed to. A motion to reconsider was laid on the

CAREER COMPENSATION ACT OF

Mr. BROOKS of Texas. Mr. Speaker. I ask unanimous consent to take from the Speaker's table the bill (H. R. 3028), an act to provide for the relief of certain female members of the Air Force, and for other purposes, with Senate amendment thereto, and concur in the Senate amendment.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The Clerk read the Senate amendment, as follows:

Page 2, after line 19, insert: "SEC. 4. The Career Compensation Act of 1949, as amended (37 U. S. C. 231 et seq.), is further amended by adding the following new section at the end thereof:

"'§ 534. Regulations affecting pay and allowances

"'No regulation under this act, or any other law relating to pay and allowances of military personnel, shall be prescribed by the Secretary of a military department within the Department of Defense, relating to the pay and allowances of members of the Armed Forces under such military department, unless such regulation be first approved un-

der procedures prescribed by the Secretary of Defense. Regulations of the Secretaries of the Treasury, Commerce, and Health, Education, and Welfare, which relate to similar items of pay and allowances authorized for members of the Coast Guard, the Coast and Geodetic Survey, and the Public Health Service, shall, to the extent practicable, agree with regulations so approved. Nothing in this section shall prevent the Secretary of Defense or the Secretaries of the Treasury. Commerce, and Health, Education, and Welfare from securing from the Comptroller General an advisory ruling with respect a proposed regulation especially affecting the department or departments under such Secretary's jurisdiction.'

"SEC. 5. The analysis to the Career Compensation Act of 1949, as amended, is amended by adding the following new section caption:/

"'SEC. 534. Regulations affecting pay and allowances."

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Texas [Mr. Brooks]?

IMr. BROOKS of Texas addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Appendix.]

The SPEAKER. Is there objection? There was no objection.

The Senate amendment was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

CONSENT CALENDAR

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will call the first bill on the Consent Calendar.

PAYMENT OF BENEFITS TO WIDOWS OF CERTAIN FORMER EMPLOYEES OF LIGHTHOUSE SERVICE

The Clerk called the bill (S. 235) to increase from \$50 to \$75 per month the amount of benefits payable to widows of certain former employees of the Lighthouse Service.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to

the present consideration of the bill?

Mr. BYRNES of Wisconsin. Mr. Speaker, at the request of the gentleman from Michigan [Mr. Forp] I ask unanimous consent that this bill be passed over without prejudice.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection? There was no objection.

USE OF CERTAIN LANDS FOR CEME-TERY PURPOSES IN NORTH CARO-LINA

The Clerk called the bill (H. R. 1262) to authorize and direct the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs to accept certain land in Buncombe County, N. C., for

cemetery purposes.

There being no objection, the Clerk read the bill, as follows:

Be it enacted, etc., That the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs is authorized and directed to accept for and in the name of the United States from the city of Asheville, N. C., by deed satisfactory to the Attorney General of the United States, title to two tracts of land in Buncombe County, N. C., being a portion of the property owned by the city of Asheville, known as the Riverside Cemetery, and to maintain such tracts for the burial of veterans of the Armed Forces of the United States who die in the Veterans' Administration Hospital, Oteen, N. C.

N. C.

SEC. 2. The tracts of land referred to in the first section are a portion of that property conveyed to the city of Asheville by the Asheville Cemetery Co., July 2, 1955, by deed recorded in book 760 at page 407 in the office of the register of deeds for Buncombe County, N. C., which said property is known as the Riverside Cemetery and is shown on a plat recorded in plat book 26 at page 106 of the Buncombe County register, and more particularly described as follows:

particularly described as follows:

Tract I: Beginning at a concrete monument (formerly iron pin) (formerly an old poplar tree) in a corner of the southern boundary of the property deeded to the city of Asheville by the Asheville Cemetery Co. dated July 2, 1955, and recorded in deed book 760 at page 407 of the Buncombe County registry; said beginning point and concrete monument is located by measuring from a 2-inch iron fence post in concrete in the easternmost corner of said property described in said deed book 760 at page 407, the following courses and distances: North 83 degrees 50 minutes west 166.6 feet to a oak; south 60 degrees 00 minutes west 142.2 feet to an iron pin; south 43 degrees 45 minutes west 194.5 feet to the beginning concrete monument of this tract I herein described; runs thence from said beginning point with the southern boundary line of the property described in said deed book 760 at page 407, the following courses and distances: South 36 degrees 12 minutes west 107.2 feet to a Spanish oak; south 70 degrees 41 minutes west 194.5 feet to an iron pin; south 59 degrees 37 minutes west 66 feet to a concrete monument; north 85 degrees 30 minutes west 576.5 feet to a stake; thence leaving said southern boundary line of said property described in said deed book 760 at page 407 and runs north 17 degrees 15 minutes east 38.2 feet to a stake: thence north 58 degrees 33 minutes east 110.4 feet to a stake; thence north 24 degrees 43 minutes east 107 feet to a stake in the southern margin of a cemetery road, known as Parker Road; thence with the southern margin of said Parker Road the following courses and distances: South 65 degrees 17 minutes east 64.1 feet to a stake; south 87 degrees 47 minutes east 157.3 feet to a stake; north 84 degrees 58 minutes east 161.6 feet to a stake; south 86 degrees 32 minutes east 188.4 feet to a stake; north 68 degrees 28 minutes east 35 feet to a stake; north 49 degrees 58 minutes east 77.2 feet to a stake; thence leaving said southern margin of said Parker Road and running south 48 degrees 39 minutes east

117.5 feet to the place of beginning.

Tract II: Beginning at a stake in the northern margin of a cemetery road, known as Parker Road, which said road has been hereinbefore referred to in tract which said beginning stake is located by measuring from the beginning concrete monument hereinbefore referred to in tract I above, the following courses and distances: North 48 degrees 39 minutes west 117,5 feet to a stake in the southern margin of said Parker Road; thence with the southern margin of said Parker Road, south 49 degrees 58 minutes west 77.2 feet to a stake; south 68 degrees 28 minutes west 35 feet to a stake: north 86 degrees 32 minutes west 61.2 feet to a stake; thence crossing said Parker Road, north 37 degrees 10 minutes west 26.35 feet to the beginning stake of this description of tract II; thence running from this beginning stake of tract II, north 37 degrees 10 minutes west 68.9 feet to a stake; north 47 degrees 52 minutes east 49.5 feet to a stake; south 46 degrees 48 minutes east 29 feet to a stake; north 44 degrees 58 minutes east 28.3 feet to a stake; north 35 degrees 22 minutes west 165.3 feet to a stake in the eastern margin of a cemetery road, known as Shuford Road, thence runs with the eastern margin of said Shuford Road, north 00 degrees 02 minutes

west 23.1 feet to a stake; thence leaving said Shuford Road south 45 degrees 10 minutes east 179.8 feet to a stake; thence north 69 degrees 06 minutes east 73.3 feet to a stake; thence south 43 degrees 31 minutes east 83.9 feet to a stake in the northern margin of said Parker Road; thence runs with the northern margin of said Parker Road south 49 degrees 58 minutes west 123.4 feet to a stake; south 68 degrees 28 minutes west 27.5 feet to a stake; north 86 degrees 32 minutes west 74 feet to the place of beginning.

With the following committee amendment:

Page 5, line 6, insert:

"SEC. 3. As a condition precedent to the transfer of land authorized by section 1, evidence of title and a land survey, if required by the Government, shall be furnished by and at the expense of the city of Asheville, N. C."

The committee amendment was agreed to.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, was read the third time, and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

AUTHORIZING DISPOSAL OF CER-TAIN UNCOMPLETED VESSELS

The Clerk called the bill (H. R. 8547) to authorize the disposal of certain uncompleted vessels.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the present consideration of the bill?

Mr. NATCHER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that this bill be passed over without prejudice.
The SPEAKER. Is there objection?

The SPEAKER. Is there objection? There was no objection.

AMENDING SECTIONS 22 AND 24 OF THE ORGANIC ACT OF GUAM

The Clerk called the bill (H. R. 4215) amending sections 22 and 24 of the Organic Act of Guam.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the present consideration of the bill?

Mr. GROSS. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that this bill be passed over without prejudice.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection? There was no objection.

NATIONAL CONSERVATION ANNI-VERSARY COMMISSION

The Clerk called the resolution (S. J. Res. 35) to provide for the observance and commemoration of the 50th anniversary of the first conference of State governors for the protection, in the public interest, of the natural resources of the United States.

There being no objection, the Clerk read the Senate Joint Resolution, as follows:

Whereas the year 1958 marks the fiftieth anniversary of the first conference of State governors ever held in the history of the United States; and

Whereas President Theodore Roosevelt, who called the conference, in his opening address on May 13, 1908, said in part:

"So vital is this question of conservation, that for the first time in our history the chief executive officers of the States separately, and of the States together forming the Nation, have met to consider it. It is the chief material question that confronts

us, second only—and second always—to the great fundamental question of morality.

"The occasion for the meeting lies in the fact that the natural resources of our country are in danger of exhaustion if we permit the old wasteful methods of exploiting them longer to continue. In the development, the use, and therefore the exhaustion of certain of the natural resources, the progress has been more rapid in the past century and a quarter than during all preceding time of history since the days of primitive man.

"All these various uses of our natural resources are so closely connected that they should be coordinated, and should be treated as part of one coherent plan and not in haphazard and piecemeal fashion"; and

Whereas this first conference of governors, in complete agreement with the thinking of President Theodore Roosevelt, adopted unanimously a series of resolutions calling for a national policy and programs that would preserve and protect the forests, the water and streams, the soil and the range, wildlife, the minerals, fuels, and all other natural resources; and

Whereas this action by the State governors, assembled together for the first time in history, gave formal approval to the conservation movement in the United States;

Whereas the problems involving the protection, development, and wise use of our natural resources are as great today, if not greater than ever before, as pointed out by President Dwight D. Eisenhower at the Mid-Century Conference on Resources for the Future held in Washington, District of Columbia, in December 1953; and

Whereas it has been emphasized repeatedly by both Democratic and Republican Presidents of the United States since Theodore Rosevelt that conservation of our natural resources is a bipartisan, continuing, and neverending struggle that should have the interest and support of all citizens; and

Whereas the conservation of natural resources is the key to the future because the very existence of our Nation depends on conserving and making wise and efficient use of the resources which are the foundations of its life; and

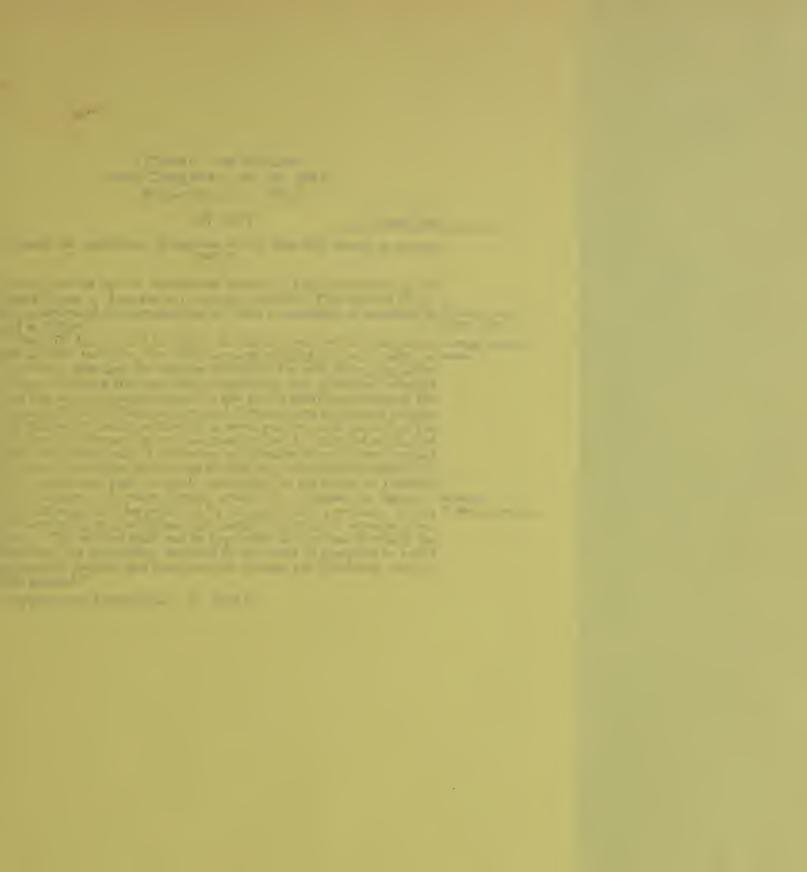
Whereas it is vital for the continued welfare and prosperity of our citizens that conservation policies be followed in the future for the protection of our natural resources which will make certain that the purpose of "conservation is the greatest good of the greatest number for the longest time"; and

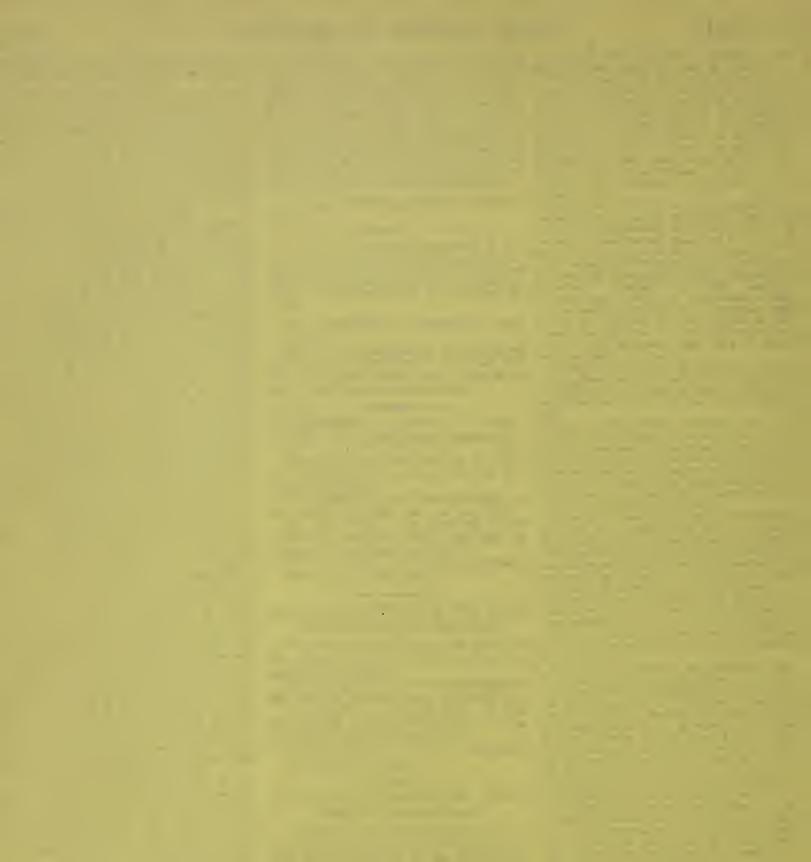
Whereas the most effective way of maintaining such conservation policies is for the greatest possible number of citizens to maintain a continuing interest in the problem of conserving our natural resources; and

Whereas this interest of all citizens will be aroused, renewed, and stimulated through the proper observance of the golden anniversary of the first conference of State governors, which was on conservation problems. Therefore be it

Resolved, etc., That (a) there is hereby established a Commission to be known as the National Conservation Anniversary Commission (hereinafter referred to in this joint resolution as the "Commission").

(b) The Commission shall be composed of the following members: The President of the United States, who shall be honorary chairman, the Secretary of Agriculture, and the Secretary of the Interior, ex officio; the President of the Senate and 4 Members of the Senate appointed by him; the Speaker of the House of Representatives and 4 Members of the House of Representatives appointed by him. The Commission members shall serve without compensation and shall select a chairman from among their number. The Chairman shall, with the advice of the Commission, expand its membership to include 15 representatives of national nonprofit





Public Law 85-266 85th Congress, H. R. 8030 September 2, 1957

AN ACT

71 Stat. 592.

To amend the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 with respect to acreage history.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 377 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, is amended to 70 Stat. 206. read as follows:

"Sec. 377. In any case in which, during any year within the period Acreage allot1956 to 1959, inclusive, for which acreage planted to a commodity on ments.

any farm is less than the acreage allotment for such farm, the entire acreage allotment for such farm (excluding any allotment released from the farm or reapportioned to the farm) shall be considered for purposes of future State, county, and farm acreage allotments to have been planted to such commodity in such year on such farm, but the 1956 acreage allotment of any commodity shall be regarded as planted under this section only if the owner or operator of such farm notified the county committee prior to the sixtieth day preceding the beginning of the marketing year for such commodity of his desire to preserve such allotment. Acreage history credits for released or reapportioned acreage shall be governed by the applicable provisions of this history credits. title pertaining to the release and reapportionment of acreage allotments. This section shall not be applicable in any case in which the amount of the commodity required to be stored to postpone or avoid payment of penalty has been reduced because the allotment was not fully planted."

Approved September 2, 1957.

